THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOL. 46. MONDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 27, 1830. NO. 29.

PUBLISHED BY
NEVILLE B. CRAIG,
NEAR THE S. W. CORNER OF THE DIAMOND.

TERMS.

The Gazette is published semi-weekly, (on Tuesday and Friday,) at FOUR dollars per annum, payable half yearly in advance.

The Gazette is also published weekly, (on Friday,) at Two dollars per annum in advance,—or THREE dollars at the end of the year.

REFINED SUGAR AND MOLASSES.

THE Subscribers are Agents for Goodale's Sugar Refinery in this city, and have constantly on hand and for sale a supply of all the various qualities of *single and double loaf and lump Sugar* manufactured by him, together with a constant supply of *single and double Refined Sugar* manufactured by Lex, Canby & Lex, of Philadelpeia, by steam process, without the use of blood —all neatly packed in good barrels for transportation. Also, a supply of first quality of *Sugar House Molasses*, from Goodale's Refinery.

WHITALL, JAUDON & Co.

New Orleans, Oct. 1, 1830.

☞ W. J. & Co. attend to receiving Western Produce on consignment, for sale or for shipment to the eastern cities; also of goods from the eastern cities, to be forwarded to the different points on the Western rivers. October 12.—4mo.

WANTED,

GREENSBURGH BANK PAPER—at 35 per cent. discount.

GEORGE A. COOK.

Lottery and Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Nov. 12, 1830.—tf.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE Bank of Pittsburgh offers for sale the following valuable property in this city viz:—

A piece of ground, containing in Front on Water street, between Market and Wood streets, about sixty-five feet, and extending back towards Front street about one hundred and five feet; on which are erected one two story brick house, one three story brick store and office, a two story frame dwelling house and back buildings, a frame building formerly occupied as a gunsmith shop, and four other buildings, now occupied by James Crossan and Barnet & Shorb.

Also, All that piece of ground, situated on Market street, between Front and Second streets, formerly owned by Abner Barker, containing in Front on Market street thirty feet, and extending back: on which are erected one two story brick dwelling house, with other back buildings.

Also, All that piece of ground, situated on Third street, between Market and Wood streets, formerly occupied as the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, containing in Front on Third street twenty feet, and extending back towards Fourth street eighty-five feet; on which is erected a two story brick building.

Also, Adjoining the above, one other lot, containing twenty feet in front, and extending back eighty-five feet; on which is erected one frame building. Between the two last mentioned buildings an alley will be left for the common use of both.

Also, All that piece of ground situated on the north side of Diamond Alley, between Wood and Smithfield Streets, containing in front on Diamond Alley fifteen feet, and extending back half way to Fifth Street, on which is erected a two story brick dwelling house, with back buildings, now occupied by Copernicus Walters.

Also, That piece of ground, situated on Third street, between Wood street and Hay Scale Alley, containing in front upon Third street about twenty feet, and extending back along said alley about eighty-five feet: on which are erected one two story brick dwelling and back buildings.

Also, The undivided half part of that piece of ground, situated on Wood street, between Front and Water streets, containing in front on Wood street about twenty feet, and extending back sixty feet; on which is erected a three story brick dwelling house with back buildings, subject to a ground rent of twenty-two dollars and fifty cents per annum.

Also, The undivided half part of that piece of ground, situated on Wood street, between Front and Second streets, containing in front on Wood street about forty-eight feet, and extending back part sixty and part ninety feet; on which are erected two three story brick dwelling houses and back buildings, now occupied by Charles L. Volz and Willard Leonard.

Also, All that piece of ground, situated on the north side of the Diamond, containing in front on the Diamond about thirty-seven feet, and extending back to Jail alley; on which are erected two two story brick dwelling houses and back buildings, now occupied by Ephraim Pentland, Esq. and Mrs. Gormly.

Also, All that tract of Land, situated on Turtle Creek, commonly called "Dirty Camp."

For terms apply to the CASHIER.

January 22, 1830.—tf

J. C. BUCKLES,
Commission Merchant,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

IS prepared to Receive, Sell, and Forward every description of GOODS.

December 21, 1827—tf.

SHEARS.

THE subscribers are manufacturing revolving and vibrating SHEAR BLADES, of a superior quality. They will be stamped "F. A. Bemis & Co." and warranted to the purchaser.—A sample can be seen at Messrs. L. & P. Peterson's, on the corner of Market and Front streets, and a constant supply will be kept on hand at the manufactory, No. 24 Water street.

ALSO, will be made to order, SHEARING MACHINES of improved construction: price from $50 to $125. Having in operation machinery expressly for grinding, Shears will be ground with the greatest accuracy, at a short notice.

Nov. 17—tf. F. A. BEMIS & Co.

We the subscribers have purchased and made use of Shears made by F. A. Bemis & Co., Pittsburgh, and consider them superior to any in use in this section of the country.

JOHN M'DOWELL.
DANIEL HICKMAN.

Bridgeville, September 15, 1830.

The undersigned have purchased and made use of broad and narrow Shearing Machines, made by F. A. Bemis & Co., and can recommend them to the public, as superior to any we have before used or seen in operation. R & J. HALL.

Sept. 23. *Manufacturers, near Pittsburgh.*

We the undersigned have in operation a Shearing Machine, and also a set of Blades, made by F. A. Bemis & Co., and feel confident in recommending them to the public, as articles superior in their kind to any we have used or seen in this country. A. & J. MURPHY.

Pleasantdale Woollen Manufactory, Sept. 29, 1830.

Receiving & Forwarding House,

NEW ORLEANS.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has established himself in NEW ORLEANS, for the purpose of attending exclusively to the Receiving and Forwarding of Merchandise; and feels confident, from his experience in business, and determination of adopting well regulated and moderate charges, of giving satisfaction to those who may entrust their business to his care. WM. BUCHANAN.

Refer to Messrs. Allen & Grant, Riddle, Forsyth & Co., or M'Kee, Clarke & Co. Pittsburgh.

October 26, 1830—tf.

Storage, Forwarding, and Commission

WAREHOUSE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully inform Merchants, Iron-masters, Salt Manufacturers, and the public in general, that they have commenced the above business, in the new and extensive brick house two doors below the bridge, where they will Receive and Forward GOODS, IRON, SALT, &c. destined for the West by the Pennsylvania Canal, and for the East, by the Northern Turnpike. By strict attention to business, they hope to merit and receive a share of public favors. Charges for Forwarding and Commission will be moderate.

JAMES SPEER.
MARK GRAHAM.

Blairsville, Oct. 27—tf.

DOMESTIC CLOTH HALL,
No. 72 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

HAMILTON STEWART,
MANUFACTURER OF
Linen and Cotton Goods,

WHICH he offers for sale at eastern manufacturers' prices, without any addition of carriage, at 3, 4, or 6 months acceptances.

N. B.—Five per cent. discount on all orders exceeding $100. March 19—tf.

FANCY LAMPS,

PLATED CASTERS, &c.

BAKEWELL, PAGE & BAKEWELLS, have just received, direct from the manufactories, and offer for sale, an elegant collection of *Bronze and Or Moulu, Astral* and *Mantel Lamps*, from ten to thirty dollars per pair; PLATED CASTERS, with cut and moulded bottles, silver edges and handles, from two to ten dollars per set: together with their usual extensive assortment of *PLAIN, PREST, and CUT GLASS WARE*,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION;

Cut and Moulded Smelling and Toilet Bottles; Cut, Prest & Plain Bureau Knobs, &c. &c. &c.

Pittsburgh, December 25, 1829—tf.

M. B. MILTENBERGER,
Commission Merchant,

No. 12, corner of Market & Front str'ts,

April 20—tf. Pittsburgh.

350 BBLS. SUP. FLOUR, "Pickan's Brand," for sale by

JAMES ADAMS, Jr. & Co.

May 18, 1830.—tf.

WANTED,

ONE thousand five hundred and one thousand dollars, on mortgage, well secured on Real Estate in this city. Inquire of

N. HOLMES,

Sept. 17.—tf No. 33 Market street.

NOW OPENING,

A LARGE and extensive ASSORTMENT of MACHINE CARDS, from the manufactory of J. & J. A. Smith & Co. Leicester, Mass which with their former stock will be disposed of on the most accommodating terms. Also, a lot on hand, to close consignment, which are offered at very reduced prices.

Orders for cotton cards will be punctually attended to. WM. BELL, Jr. & Co.

Feb. 17, 1829.—wtf. No. 51 Wood Street.

FOUND, near the junction of Liberty and Sixth streets, on Tuesday, the 7th instant, THREE BANDBOXES, containing a variety of articles, which the owner can have by calling at No. 12, Strawberry Alley, and paying for this advertisement. P. M'GINLEY.

December 21.—3t*

DOCTOR M'DOWELL'S

OFFICE and Residence, No. 4 Patterson's Row, St. Clair street. Sept. 24.

GABRIEL ADAMS,

WHOLESALE and RETAIL GROCER, Front, between Market and Wood streets, has received from the eastward, and by recent arrivals from New Orleans, a large and general assortment of GROCERIES AND LIQUORS, which are offered for sale at the lowest market rates for cash or approved acceptances.

☞ *Whiskey, Flour, Scorched Salts, Rags, &c.* will be taken in barter at market prices.

April 21, 1829—tf.

PAPER HANGINGS.

THE subscribers having enlarged their *Paper Staining Establishment*, and procured some of the best workmen from the eastward, now offer for sale, wholesale and retail, *at the Philadelphia prices*, a choice assortment of

COMMON, GLAZED AND RAINBOW

PAPERS,

Of the latest patterns, and equal to any heretofore sold in this market; a constant supply of which, in all their varieties, with suitable borders, will be kept on hand.

Also on hand, a large assortment of FRENCH WALL PAPERS and

Velvet Bordering.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON,
Corner of Wood & Third Streets.

October 10—tf.

The Pittsburgh and Coal Hill Turnpike Road.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given, that books will be opened at the Bookstore of H. Holdship & Son, in the city of Pittsburgh, on Monday the 24th day of March next, to receive subscriptions for the Stock in a company to be entitled "*The President, Managers and Company of the Pittsburgh and Coal Hill Turnpike Road;*" intended for the purpose of making an artificial Road from the city of Pittsburgh, to a point at or near the house of Wm. Farrow, in Pitt township, at which time and place one or more of the under signed will attend.

WM. WILKINS,
HENRY HOLDSHIP,
WM. B. FOSTER,
PETER MOWRY,
WM. PORTER,
WM. ARTHURS,
JAMES BROWN,
} *Commis'nrs.*

Feb. 22, 1828.—tf

CHEAP WRAPPING PAPERS

AND BONNET BOARDS.

JOHN I. KAY & Co., Booksellers, 95 Market street, have constantly for sale, a large assortment of Wrapping Paper, Band Box Boards, Bonnet Boards, and Binder's Boards, of eastern manufacture, which they offer very low.

N. B. The highest price given for RAGS.

August 10.—tf.

FIGURED MANDARIN LAWN, (a beautiful article for summer dresses,) Brown Grass Cloth, for Bonnets, and a good assortment of Fancy Gauze Scarfs and Handkerchiefs, just received and for sale by S. P. CHURCH & Co. No. 45 Market, between Third and Fourth streets.

☞ S. P. C. & Co. have also received, from the eastern cities, a fresh supply of seasonable

DRY GOODS,

which will be offered at a small advance for cash, wholesale or retail. May 28—tf.

CURE FOR WORMS.

B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S VERMIFUGE *prepared at the subscriber's Wholesale and Retail Drug Warehouse, corner of Sixth and Wood streets, Pittsburgh, Penn'a.*

This preparation is confidently recommended to the public, as an effectual medicine for expelling Worms from the system. It has already been extensively used in this county, and the proprietor has ascertained from particular inquiry, that it has not failed to produce the most salutary effect, in every instance in which it was administered—and in many cases, after every other remedy had failed. It is mild in its operation, and may be administered with perfect safety to the most delicate infant.

The following testimony of its effects is offered to the public:—

"*Pittsburgh, April 1st*, 1830.

"We the subscribers do certify, that we have used in our families B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge, and recommend it to the public, as the most effectual medicine for expelling worms from the system, that has ever come within our knowledge."

N. W. Presly, Liberty street.
Wm. Douglas, Wood street.
Mrs. Anderson, Fourth street.
Samuel Bright, Plum township, Allegheny co.
John Morrow, Wilkins township, Allegheny co.
Robert Gray, Plum township, Allegheny co.
Joseph Anderson, Wilkins township.
John Stuart, Wilkins township.

I do certify that a child of mine, aged 3 years, had been for some time afflicted with worms, and having tried every remedy without effect, at length used B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge, three tea spoonfuls of which caused it to discharge 138 worms. It has since continued free from any symptoms of worms. JOHN BENSON,

Wilkins township, Allegheny county.

May 5, 1830.

I do certify that a child of mine, aged 5 years, by using one bottle of B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge, discharged several worms, some of which were 12 inches long.

WM. M'CARTNEY. *Bayardstown.*

May 17, 1830.

I do certify that I have used B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge in my family, after using various other worm medicines without effect. Three of my children, after using the Vermifuge, discharged upwards of 300 worms.

MOSES HAMILTON.

May 31, 1830. *Columbiana county, Ohio.*

☞ For sale at the Drug Store, corner of Sixth and Wood streets, Pittsburgh.

B. A. FAHNESTOCK.

June 4, 1830.—1y.

SHOVELS, TONGS, and POKERS; also, Shovels and Pokers, in setts—a general assortment, of very superior quality; just received at the corner of Fifth and Wood streets.

SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK.

Sept. 21.—tf.

CITY AUCTION ROOM,
NO. 41 WOOD STREET,

Opposite the Pittsburgh Hotel.

P. M'KENNA, *Auctioneer*, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he is now prepared, at the above establishment, to discharge the duties of his office, and hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage. ☞ Regular days of Public Sales, every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 10, A. M. and 2, P. M.; and Evening Sales on TUESDAY and FRIDAY of each week.

Pittsburgh, November 5, 1830—tf.

PITTSBURGH AUCTION ROOMS,
Corner of Fourth and Wood Streets.

LYNCH & BUTTERWORTH,
Auction and Commission Merchants.

D. LYNCH having obtained the commission as Auctioneer for the city of Pittsburgh, and having associated himself with J. Butterworth, they will transact the Auction and Commission business, under the firm of LYNCH & BUTTERWORTH. They have made extensive arrangements eastward, and are prepared to supply merchants in general with

DRY GOODS,
Hardware, Groceries,
BOOKS,

And PITTSBURGH MANUF'D ARTICLES, upon the very lowest terms, at Private as well as Public Sale, for Cash.

N. B—Public Sales of Dry Goods, Groceries, and Furniture, every Tuesday and Friday, at 10 o'clock, A. M. and of Hardware, Fancy Cutlery and Jewellery, on Monday and Thursday evenings, at 7 o'clock, P. M.

☞ *Liberal advances made on Consignments.*

Pittsburgh, April 5—tf.

PAPER WAREHOUSE,

No. 83 MARKET STREET.

THE subscribers keep constantly on hand a fine and well regulated assortment of the following kinds of PAPER, manufactured at the mill of Hurst & Brown.

Imperial, Superroyal, Medium, Royal, Demy, Cap, Post, Folio Post, } PRINTING,
Crown, Medium, Imperial, } WRITING,
Blue and White TEA PAPER, } WRAPPING,
Bonnet and Fullers' BOARDS,

Which will be sold on as accommodating terms as can be purchased in this city.

JAMES BROWN & SON.

☞ The highest price given for RAGS, in Cash, Groceries, or Dry Goods. April 16—tf.

EXCHANGE.

Erie,	*per cent.* 1	Scioto, *per cent.*	3 to 5
Chambersburgh,	1	Michigan,	3 to 5
Canton, -	2	Canada,	4 to 5
Pottsville, -	2	Urbana,	3 to 5
Wyoming, -	2	Greensburgh,	45

American Gold, 1½ per cent. premium.
Bank of Steubenville, 25 per cent. discount.

GEO. A. COOK.

Lottery and Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street.

June 29, 1830.

Kensington Rolling Mill.

S. & R. LEONARD have associated with them A. M'N. SEMPLE. The business in future will be conducted under the firm of LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD; at the above place, on the Monongahela River, above Suke's Run.

N. B. The agency of W. H. Hays is discontinued.

LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD intend making and constantly keeping on hand the following kinds of IRON, of the neatest and best quality, which they offer on accommodating terms viz.

1d. 2d. 3d. 4d. 5d. 6d. 8d. and 10d- Hoop,
Round and Square, from 1-4 in. to 3, in.
Nail, Chain, Deck, and Spike Rods,
Tire and Flat Iron,—all sizes.

Pittsburgh, May 21, 1829—tf.

FOR SALE,

A FRAME HOUSE in Wood street, between first and second street, occupied at present by Mr. J. Byerly. The house is on a lease of six years from the first of April next, subject to a ground rent of $47 25 cents per annum. It is in good order, and will be sold low for cash.

JAMES HARMON.

December 17.—tf.

FOR SALE OR RENT, Lot No. 357, on Fourth street, between Wood and Smithfield streets, in the city of Pittsburgh. The Lot is thirty feet front, and extends back towards Diamond Alley, one hundred and forty feet. Possession can be given on first of April, 1831. Apply to C. DARRAGH,

Dec. 17.—tf No. 49 Fourth street.

TO MANUFACTURERS, &c.

THE subscribers respectfully inform their friends, and the public generally, that they have their Machine Shop in complete operation: and having experienced workmen, they are prepared to build

WOOLLEN AND COTTON MACHINERY,

of every description, and of the most approved kind. They will build Woollen or Cotton Machinery to any pattern, to suit purchasers, and will warrant it to be equal in workmanship, and to perform as well as any that can be brought over the mountains, (New Jersey not excepted;) and they will furnish it at the eastern prices, which will be a saving to the purchaser who buys here, of the carriage, together with the necessary expenses attending transportation.

With a view to encourage our home manufactures, and to be encouraged, the terms of payment will be made accommodating.—Shearing Machines, Shear Blades, Turning Lathes, Fire Engines, Screw Plates and Taps, Governors for Engines, and Turning of every description, will be done to order at a short notice.

F. A. BEMIS & Co.

No. 24, Water Street, Pittsburgh.

Feb. 5, 1830—tf.

LEADEN PIPE.

I HAVE commenced the manufacture of LEADEN PIPE, and will furnish and lay the same at the most reasonable rate. Any quantity required, warranted to be of the best quality, will be furnished at the shortest notice. JOHN SHERIFF.

Nov. 28, 1828.—tf.

LANDS FOR SALE.

THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE LANDS, late the property of John Way, Esq. deceased, are now offered *FOR SALE*, by the Executors, viz.

No. 25, Leet's District, of 200

acres, situated on the Ohio river, 20 miles from Pittsburgh. The road from Pittsburgh to Beaver passes through the improved part of this land, which abounds in coal and limestone.

No. 26, same district, adjoining

No 25, containing 200 acres of first rate land, a large portion of river bottom. The road to Beaver also passes through this tract. These two tracts are first rate land, and from their situation on the road and river, must in a few years become valuable.

No. 249, Elder's district, 200

acres, situate in Armstrong county, on Buffalo Creek, about 5 miles from Kittanning, and 35 miles from Pittsburgh. On this tract, there is a salt well 300 feet deep, with other preparations for the manufaeture of salt, and a good prospect of an abundant supply of salt water, and an inexhaustible bank of coal.

☞ For further particulars and terms of sale, apply to ABISHAI WAY, Merchant, Pittsburgh, or to NICHOLAS WAY, on the Beaver road, 13 miles from Pittsburgh.

December 15, 1826.—tf.

NEW QUEENSWARE ESTABLISHMENT AT PITTSBURGH.

H. HIGBY & Co. are now receiving, direct from England, and opening, at No. 124 Wood street, a choice and extensive stock of QUEENSWARE, Lustre, Plain, and Gold Edge CHINA, &c. Comprising altogether a complete and first rate assortment, to which they would respectfully invite the attention of Western Merchants, City Retailers, and all others who are desirous of purchasing ware at low rates, and on fair terms, and having the same put up by careful and experienced packers.

N. B. Plain and Cut Flint Glass, at Manufacturers' prices. Also, Window Glass of every size. Green Bottles, Porter ditto; Flasks, and a general assortment of superior Stone Ware.

August 20.—tJ1

A. H. HOGE,

No. 130 Liberty Street, (M'Donald's Square.)

HAS just received a supply of Brass Fenders; Britannia Tea Ware, in setts and single pieces: Plated Table and Tea Spoons; Brass and Polished Steel Shovels, Tongs, and Pokers; Plated Castors; a handsome assortment of Tea Trays, &c. which he offers cheap. Nov. 9—2mo.

FOR SALE,

THAT beautiful Tract of Land called FARM HILL, situated in Fayette township, Allegheny county, between the Noblestown road and Chartier's creek, about eight miles from Pittsburgh, containing THREE HUNDRED ACRES and allowance, about ninety acres of which are cleared.

On this place there is a good two story hewn log DWELLING HOUSE and KITCHEN, an excellent ORCHARD of Apple, Cherry and Peach Trees; a good Spring near the dwelling house, and an abundance of Stone Coal. That portion of the tract which is not cleared is remarkably well timbered.

If desired by a purchaser, possession could be given on the first day of November next.

For further information inquire of the subscriber, who lives near the place, or of Jacob Hanson, Auctioneer, in the City of Pittsburgh.

WILLIAM HERDMAN

June 23, 1829.—tf.

MONEY WANTED.—One Hundred and Fifty Dollars wanted, on good security.—For further information inquire at this office.

December 17, 1830

European & American Agency;

More particularly with Great Britian and Ireland.

THE UNDERSIGNED intends, as usual, to leave Pittsburgh, Pa. on the first day of March, and sail from New York on the first day of April next, on a TWELFTH TOUR, through Great Britain and Ireland, transacting every description of business, as a

GENERAL AGENT,

And will return to Pittsburgh in November, 1831.

Many years ago he made extensive arrangements, whereby money remittances can be made and received to and from upwards of five hundred cities and towns on the continent of Europe, viz: in France, Holland, Switzerland, Iraly, &c. &c.

In England, Scotland, and Ireland, legacies and hereditary property recovered and received; Lands, Houses and Tenements sold; claims, debts, dues, demands, inheritances and rents collected; estates managed; stocks and all kinds of reversionary property sold; dividends of bank annuities received; voting in the choice of assignees; receiving dividend and signing certificate; acting as commissioner in taking the acknowledgment of fines and recoveries; examining witnesses under commission; procuring all kinds of documents; comparing and cross comparing same, if necessary, and proving them in evidence, on trial; witnessing the execution of deeds and memorials thereof, so that they can be registered according to act of Parliament; making searches of all kinds in public offices; proving the identity and existence of Cestui que Vies, or lives of leases of lands; procuring and receiving the consignment of goods and vessels, &c. &c. &c.

If it is required, reference can be given, in every part of the United States, and every information may be obtained, by post paid letters addressed,

"JAMES STUART,
European Agent, Pittsburgh, Pa."

P. S.—Two hundred acres of first rate land, near Mayville, Chautauque county, N. Y. 160 acres, do. near Cambridge, in Guernsey county, Ohio; and four beautiful lots, on which is erected a comfortable dwelling house, in the town of Mercer, Pa. Also, three lots in the town of Albion, in the State of Illinois, on which are erected beautiful stone buildings. Also, a farm adjoining said town, known by the name of Norwood, containing 320 acres of land, on which are erected a large and commodious dwelling house, and a two story distillery, &c. Also, 91¼ acres of land in Bart township, Lancaster county, Pa. for sale low.

☞ The Brownsville Galaxy, Wheeling Gazette, Washington Examiner, Kittanning Columbian, Mercer Press, Butler Repository, Erie Gazette, Meadville Messenger, Steubenville Herald, New Lisbon Palladium, Greensburgh Gazette, and Uniontown Democrat, will each insert the above to the amount of two dollars, and forward their accounts to this office.

December 17, 1830.—tf.

FOR SALE, a convenient Two Story Frame DWELLING HOUSE, in the city of Pittsburgh, situated on First or Front street, between Grant and Ross streets, at present occupied by Mr. Adams.

ALSO, Two convenient Two Story DWELLING HOUSES, in the town of Allegheny, situate between the Bridge and the Aqueduct.

ALSO, FOR LEASE, for a term of years, Six small LOTS, pleasantly situated in a central part of the borough of Allegheny, within one square of Federal street and the Centre Square, on the East side. For particulars, inquire of

JOHN PATTERSON, Carpenter,

October 15—tf *Allegheny-Town.*

TO LET. The three story brick store-room in Hays' Row, Wood street, adjoining John Albree's Shoe store. Apply to WILLIAM HAYS.

October 12.—tf.

ALLEGHENY LOTS.

FOR SALE, a number of LOTS, fronting on the Broad Common in the rear of the town of Allegheny. These Lots afford the most desirable seats for country residences of any now offered for sale. The terms will be extremely favorable. A credit of from one to five years will be given to purchasers. A plan of the Lots is left at the office of Discount and Deposit and at the bank of Pittsburgh, for the inspection of purchasers.

W. Robinson, Jr.

Aug. 25, 1826.—tf. *Allegheny-Town*

BRICK FOR SALE.

I HAVE on hand, Three Kilns, containing about 300,000 first rate Brick; which I will dispose of on liberal terms.

ALSO, TO LET,

The house and lot formerly occupied by me, about half a mile east of Birmingham: the lot is well stocked with fruit trees. Inquire of

O. ORMSBY GREGG.
No. 28 Water street.

Or of the subscriber near the Monongahela Bridge. O. ORMSBY.

June 11, 1830.—tf

REGISTER'S OFFICE, December 14, 1830.

NOTICE is hereby given to all legatees, creditors, and other persons concerned, that the undersigned administrators have filed their accounts in the office of the Register for the county of Allegheny, and that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court of said county, for confirmation and allowance, on Monday, the 17th day of January, A. D. 1831.

William Hays and *Agnes Hays*, administrators of the estate of Robert Hays, late of Mifflin township, deceased.

Webb Closey, administrator of the estate of James M'Fall, late of the city of Pittsburgh, deceased.

Sarah M'Cormick and *Charles Craig*, administrators of the estate of John M'Cormick, late of the city of Pittsburgh, dec'd.

John Turner, administrator of the estate of James Turner, late of St. Clair township, deceased.

Also, at the same time, the guardianship account of John Bissell, guardian of Charles Semple, John B. Semple, Ellen Semple, and Francis Semple, minor children of Wm. Semple, late of the city of Pittsburgh, deceased.

JOHN M. SNOWDEN, Register.

December 17, 1830.—4t*

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE Proceedings of the *United States' Anti-Masonic Convention*, held at Philadelphia, September 11, 1830; embracing the Journal of Proceedings, the Reports, the Debates, and the Address to the People.

Journal of the Heart; edited by the Authoress of "Flirtation."

Williams on the *Diseases of the Lungs, &c.* with Plates.—Smith's *Treatise on Fever.*—The Surgeon Dentist's *Anatomical and Physiological Manual;* by G. Waite, Member of the Royal College of Surgeons.

Tales of Travels West of the Mississippi; by Solomon Bell.

History of the New Testament; Colored Engravings.

The *Chemistry of the Arts;* being a practical display of the Arts and Manufactures which depend on Chemical principles; on the basis of Gray's Operative Chemist. For sale by HOGAN & CO., corner of Front and Market streets.

December 21, 1830.

A FARMER WANTED.—A man with a family, capable of assisting, will be preferred.—None need apply without being well recommended. Apply to the editor of the Gazette.

December 24,—1m.

PITTSBURGH *CIRCULATING LIBRARY*

THE subscribers, at the suggestion of many of their friends, respectfully inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of Pittsburgh, that they will, in the course of a short time, open *a Circulating Library, to consist of two thousand volumes!!*

The collection will embrace the most popular works on History, Biography, Voyages, Travels, the Arts and Sciences, Novels, Tales, Romances, Poetry, Miscellaneous, &c. &c. All the new publications of an interesting character, that may from time to time issue from the press, will be received into the library at the earliest period, arrangements having been made to have them sent on with despatch.

From their connexion with Philadelphia and other eastern cities, the subscribers feel assured they will be able to present to the citizens of Pittsburgh, a library entitled to their patronage and notice,—having appointed a person, whose duty it will be to send them on every popular work worthy of perusal; and as the expenses attending the purchase and carrying on of such an institution will be great, they call upon a liberal public to support them in the measure.

N. B.—A convenient and central room will be obtained for the purpose.

JOHN I. KAY & Co. *Booksellers.*

TERMS.

Subscribers to pay five dollars for a year; three dollars for six months: two dollars for three months. Subscriptions received at the Bookstores of John I. Kay & Co. Messrs. Holdship & Son, and Johnston & Stockton. Pittsburgh, Dec. 24.—tf

PITTSBURGH LIBRARY.—THE PITTSBURGH CIRCULATING LIBRARY, containing a choice collection of *Historical* and *Miscellaneous* works, together with all the late and celebrated *Novels*—will be open for the delivery of Books, on *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, of each week, from 3 to 8 P. M. Also, on *Saturday*, from 3 to 5 P. M. All new works received as soon as possible after publication.—Situation, No. 59 Liberty street, opposite the Pittsburgh Brewery.—Terms, 25 cts. per month, payable in advance.

J. L. GLENN, *Librarian.*

December 24.—3t*

CHRISTMAS AND NEW-YEAR'S

PRESENTS.

THE *Child's Own Book*, illustrated with nearly 300 engravings.

The Boy's Own Book; a complete encyclopædia of all the diversions, athletic, scientific, and recreative, of Boyhood and Youth.

Tales of Clairmont Castle, by Mrs. Hoffland.

Peter Parley's Juvenile Tales; Winter Evening Tales; Europe, Africa, and America.

New Testament History: colored engravings.

Crabb's Dictionary of General Knowledge, with several hundred engravings.

Natural History of Insects.

Tales of Travels West of the Mississippi; by Solomon Bell, cousin of Peter Parley, with a map and numerous engravings.

Sanford and Merton, abridged by the author of "American Popular Lessons."

Emma Mortimer, by Mrs. Hughes.

English and American Annuals for 1831. For sale by HOGAN & Co.

Corner of Market and Front streets.

December 24, 1830.—3t

HALSTED ON DYSPEPSIA.—Just published, and for sale by HOGAN & CO., corner of Front and Market streets, a full and accurate account of the new method of *Curing Dyspepsia*, discovered and practised by *O. Halsted;* with some Observations on Diseases of *the Digestive Organs.* Dec. 24,—3t.

REASONS for being Members of the Roman Catholic Church, for sale by John I. Kay & Co. No 95 Market street, and at the Bookstores of Henry Holdship & Son, Hogan & Co., Johnston & Stockton, and of Luke Loomis.

December 24.—w6t.

TILT-HAMMER'D SHOVELS & SPADES.

BARTRAM'S Tilt-Hammered Shovels and Spades, of a superior quality, and warranted equal to the eastern manufacture. Also, Axes of the same manufacture, for sale by H. MACSHANE, 76 Front street. Dec. 17—3w.

JOURNAL OF THE FRANKLIN INSTITUTE,
Volume VI—Number IV.

CONTENTS.—*American Patents.* List of Patents for June, with remarks by the Editor. *Specifications.* For making known a Deficiency of Water in Boilers, Ewbank's: Remarks by the Editor: For an Improvement in the Mode of Finishing Paper, Gilpin's: For an Improvement in the Compass Needle, Smith's: Remarks by the Editor. *English Patents.* For a Hat upon a new Construction, Lloyd and Rowbotham's: For Machinery for Making Bricks, Devenoge's: For Ornamental Tiles, Bricks, &c. Wright's: For Raising Water for Propelling Vessels, Hale's: For Manufacturing Alum, Strachan's. *Franklin Institute.* Monthly Meeting, Minutes of: Report of the Committee on Premiums and Exhibitions: Long on Wooden or Frame Bridges: On the Manufacture of Enamel Colors: Improved Mode of Preparing Plaster of Paris: On Polishing Metals: Antiquity of the Art of Paper Making: Leibig on Spongy Platina, &c: *Modern Antiques*, No. 4. By the Editor. Horse Boats: Revolving Oars: Pittsburgh Mechanic's Institute: Blake's Improved Case and Types: Notice of a Large Magnet, by Franklin Peale, Esq.: Wax for Candles from Castor Oil: Fountains of Fresh and Salt Water: On Making Artificial Pearls: Alloy for Pumps and Cocks: Query respecting Mexican Plumbago.

THE MUSICAL GEM FOR 1831, with six splendid engravings. THE CAMEO; a melange of literature and the arts. Just received, and for sale by HOGAN & CO. corner of Front and Market streets. Dec. 24,—2t.

DIRECTORY.

JEAN BARBEAU respectfully informs the citizens of Pittsburgh and vicinity, that he intends to publish a Directory, in the month of April next, which shall contain the names, residence, and occupation, of all the male inhabitants over fifteen years of age in the city proper: also the householders in Allegheny town, Birmingham, and Northern Liberties; the whole alphabetically arranged, with a MAP—and a *view* of the city as seen from the Coal Hill.

Manufacturers, Merchants, and Professional men, wishing to advertise, shall have their cards neatly executed by LITHOGRAPHY; as arrangements are made with Messrs. Molineux & Boanet for that purpose.

The population and institutions of the city shall also be inserted; and no endeavors shall be spared, to make the publication both useful and satisfactory.

Subscription lists will be placed at the principal public establishments in the city; and it is hoped that the work will meet with such encouragement as shall warrant its being undertaken.—Subscription price seventy-five cents per copy.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 21, 1830.—1m

Poetry.

From the Gem, for 1831.

HOPE AND LOVE.

One day, through Fancy's telescope,
Which is my richest treasure,
I saw, dear Susan, Love and Hope
Set out in search of Pleasure:
All mirth and smiles I saw them go,
Each was the other's banker;
For Hope took up her Brother's bow,
And Love his sister's anchor.

They rambled on, o'er vale and hill,
They passed by cot and tower;
Through summer's glow and winter's chill,
They sped the vacant hour:
But what did these fond playmates care
For climate, or for weather?
All scenes for them were bright and fair,
On which they gazed together.

Sometimes they turned aside to bless
Some Muse and her wild numbers,
Or breath a drop of holiness
On Beauty's quiet slumbers:
'Fly on,' saith Wisdom, with cold sneers;
'I teach my friends to doubt you;'
'Come back,' saith Age, with bitter tears,
'My heart is cold without you.'

When Poverty beset their path,
And threatened to divide them,
They coaxed away the beldame's wrath,
Ere she had breath to chide them,
By vowing all her rags were silk,
And all her bitters honey,
And showing taste for bread and milk,
And utter scorn of money.

They met stern danger in the way,
Upon a ruin seated;
Before him kings had quaked that day,
And armies had retreated:
But he was robed in such a cloud,
As Love and Hope came near him,
That though he thundered long and loud,
They did not see nor hear him.

A grey-beard joined them, Time by name,
And Love was nearly crazy,
To find that he was very lame,
And also very lazy:
Hope, while he listened to her tale,
Tied wings upon his jacket;
And then they far outran the mail,
And far outsailed the packet.

And so, when they had safely pass'd
O'er many a land and billow,
Before a grave they stopped at last,
Beneath a weeping willow:
The moon upon the humble mound
Her softest light was flinging,
And from the thickets all around
Sad nightingales were singing.

'I leave you here,' quoth father Time,
As hoarse as any raven;
And Love kneeled down to spell the rhyme,
Upon the rude stone graven:
But Hope look'd onward, calmly brave,
And whispered 'Dearest brother,
We're parted on this side the grave—
We'll meet upon the other.'

Miscellany.

SHIPWRECK IN THE POLAR REGIONS.

The *Jean*, of Peterhead, sailed on the 15th March, 1826, having on board only twenty-eight men, but received at Lerwick a complement of thirty-three natives of Shetland; owing to which arrangement, as well as by contrary winds, she was detained till the 23th. From the evening of that day to the first of April, the ship encountered very stormy weather, which she successfully withstood, and was then steering into those western tracts of the Greenland sea which are the most favorable for the capture of the seal. On the 14th, in the latitude of 68 deg. the fishery began most prosperously. In one day the seamen killed 1138 seals, and the entire number taken in five days exceeded 3070.

On the morning of the 18th April, the sailors had begun their fishery as usual; but a breeze sprung up, and obliged them, by eleven o'clock, to suspend operations. The gale continually freshened, and was the more unpleasant from their being surrounded with loose ice, which a dense and heavy fog rendered it impossible to distinguish at any distance. The mariners took in all sail, but did not apprehend danger till six in the evening, when the wind, which had been continually increasing, began to blow with tenfold fury. All that the narrator had ever heard, of the united sounds of thunder, tempest, and waves, seemed faint when compared with the stunning roar of this hurricane. At eight the ship was borne upon a stream of ice, from which she received several severe concussions; the consequence of which was, that at ten the water began to enter, and at twelve no exertion in pumping could prevent her from being gradually filled.

At one in the morning she became completely water-logged. She then fell over on her beam-ends, when the crew, giving themselves up for lost, clung to the nearest object for immediate safety. By judiciously cutting away the main and foremasts, they happily enabled the ship to right herself, when, being drifted into a stream of ice, she was no longer in danger of immediate sinking. The whole hull, however, was immersed in water, except a portion of the quarter deck, upon which the whole crew were now assembled.—Here they threw up an awning of sails to shelter themselves from the cold, which had now become so intense as to threaten the extinction of life. Those endowed with spirit and sense, kept up the vital power by brisk movement; but the natives of Shetland, who are accused on such occasions of sinking into a selfish despondency, piled themselves together in a heap, with a view of deriving warmth from each other's bodies. Those in the interior of the mass obtained thus a considerable temperature, though accompanied with severe pressure; and blows were given, and even knives drawn, to gain and to preserve this advantageous position. On the 19th, one Shetlander died of cold, another on the 20th, and a third on the 21st,—events felt by the others as peculiarly gloomy, chiefly, it is owned, as forming a presage of their own impending fate.

On the 22d the sun began to appear amid showers of snow; and the 23d was ushered in by fine weather and a clear sky. The opinions of the crew were now divided as to what course they should steer in search of deliverance. Two plans were suggested. They could either stretch northward into the fishing stations, where they might expect sooner or later to meet some of their countrymen, by whom they would be received on board; or they might sail southward towards Iceland, and throw themselves on the hospitality of its inhabitants. The former plan was in several respects the more promising, especially as a vessel had been in sight when the storm arose. But its uncertainties were also very great. They might traverse for weeks those vast icy seas, amid cold always increasing, and with imminent danger of being swallowed up by the waves. Iceland was distant, but it was a definite point; and upon this course they at last wisely determined. Several days were spent in fitting out their two remaining boats—all the others having been swept away—and in fishing up from the interior of the vessel every thing that could be carried to account. During this operation, the weather continuing fine, they could not forbear admiring the scene by which they were surrounded. The sea was formed as it were into a beautiful little frith, by the ice rising around in the most varied and fantastic forms, sometimes even assuming the appearance of cities adorned with towers and forests of columns. Continual efforts were necessary, meantime, to keep the wreck on the icy field: for had it slipped down into the sea, of which there appeared a strong probability, it would have gone down at once. By the 26th the boats were completely ready, having on board a small stock of provisions, and a single change of linen. At half past one in the morning of the 27th the mariners took leave, with some sorrow, of the vessel, which "seemed a home even in ruins," leaving the deck strewed with clothes, books, and provisions, to be swallowed up by the ocean, as soon as the icy floor on which it rested should melt away.

The two boats, having received forty-seven men on board, lay very deep in the water, so that when a smart breeze arose, the men were obliged to throw away their spare clothing, and every thing else which could be wanted, and soon saw their little wardrobe floating on the face of the sea.—The leaky state of one of the barges entailed the necessity of hauling it on a piece of ice, to be repaired. The seamen were frequently obliged also to drag them both over large fields, and again to launch them. However, a favorable wind in ten hours enabled them to make forty-one miles, when they arrived at the utmost verge of the icy stream, and entered upon the open ocean. Their fears were not yet removed; for if a heavy gale had arisen, their slender barks would soon have been overwhelmed. There blew in fact a stiff breeze, which threw in a good deal of water, and caused severe cold; however, at seven in the evening, they saw, with inexpressible pleasure, though dim and distant, the lofty and snow-capped mountains of Iceland. But these were still fifty miles off, and much might intervene: so that the night, which soon closed in, was passed with a mixture of joy and fear. Fortunately, the morning was favorable, and about four they saw a black speck on the surface of the ocean. It proved to be an island, naked, rocky, and seemingly uninhabited; yet to set foot on any shore, however wild and desolate, promised a temporary relief.—On turning a promontory, what was their joy to see a boat pushing out to meet them! and they were received by the natives of Grimsey (the name of the little island) with every mark of kindness and compassion. The seamen were distributed among the half-subterraneous abodes, and received a portion of the frugal and scanty fare on which the inhabitants subsisted.—They were long without any means of communication by speech; but at length the clergyman appeared, who was able to converse in Latin with Mr. Cumming.—The latter, on inquiring how his countrymen could best reach the main land, was informed, that the islanders would assist in conveying them to Akureyri, a small town, the residence of the nearest Danish governor, though situated at the distance of sixty-eight miles. Accordingly, at seven in the morning of the 2d May, they set sail, and, after a tedious voyage, reached at nine in the evening the coast of Iceland. The rowed along the shore, touching at various points, where they were hospitably received; till, on Thursday, the 4th May, they saw a cluster of irregular wooden structures, which, to their surprise, proved to be Akureyri, the capital of this quarter of the island. They were here also received with the most humane hospitality, and remained three months before they could obtain a passage home; during which delay unfortunately they lost nine of their number, chiefly from mortification and other morbid affections occasioned by extreme cold. In the middle of July they procured a passage in a Danish vessel, which brought them and their boats near to the coast of Shetland. Having landed at Lerwick, they were conveyed by his Majesty's ship Investigator to Peterhead, where they arrived on the 5th August.

The particulars of this shipwreck were furnished by one of the survivors.—Mr. Cumming, surgeon.—*N. Y. Atlas.*

The following anecdote of our old acquaintance John Townsend is related by Bernard in his *Retrospections*:—"A man had just taken his seat at one of the tables, (in a flash house which Bernard visited from curiosity,) and began to get social with his companions, when Townsend came in, who, having missed him for some time from his accustomed resorts, went up and slapped him familiarly on the shoulder—'Ah, Billy, my buck, how are you! Give us a grip of your daddle!'—The compunctious rogue dropped the cards he was sorting in astonishment, and staring in the former's face, exclaimed, 'What! already, Master Townsend! Why, you must be a conjuror! Why, it an't above an hour since it was done! But never mind; let me finish the rubber, and I'll go with you.' Townsend, with his usual presence of mind, assented, and coming up to me, of whom he had some knowledge, declared with a smothered laugh, how the rogue had committed himself, as he had no charge against him whatever. The next day when the robbery was advertised the perpetrator was already in custody."

WEST AT ROME.

When it was known that a young American had come to study Raphael and Michael Angelo, some curiosity was excited among the Roman virtuoso. The first fortunate exhibitor of this Lion from the western wilderness was Lord Grantham: he invited West to dinner, and afterwards carried him to an evening party, where he found almost all those persons to whom he had brought letters of introduction. Amongst the rest was Cardinal Albani, who, though old and blind, had such delicacy of touch, that he was considered supreme in all matters of judgment regarding medals and intaglios. "I have the honor," said Lord Grantham, "to present a young American who has a letter for your Eminence, and who has come to Italy for the purpose of studying the Fine Arts." The Cardinal knew so little of the New World, that he conceived a young American must needs be a savage. "Is he black or white?" said the aged virtuoso, holding out both hands, that he might have the satisfaction of touching at least this new wonder.—Lord Grantham smiled, and said, "he is fair—very fair," "What! as fair as I am!" exclaimed the prelate. Now the complexion of this churchman was a deep olive—that of West more than commonly fair—and as they stood together, the company smiled. "As fair as the cardinal" became for a while proverbial.

Others who had the use of their eyes, seemed to consider the young American as a better kind of savage, and, accordingly, were curious to watch him. They wished to try what effect the Apollo, the Venus, and the works of Raphael would have upon him, and "thirty of the most magnificent equipages in the capital of Christendom, and filled with some of the most erudite characters in Europe," says Galt, "conducted the young quaker to view the masterpieces of art. It was agreed that the Apollo should be first submitted to his view; the statue was enclosed in a case, and when the keeper threw open the doors, West unconsciously exclaimed, "My God—a young Mohawk warrior!" The Italians were surprised and mortified with the comparison of their noblest statue to a wild savage; and West, perceiving the unfavorable impression, proceeded to remove it. He described the Mohawks—the natural elegance and admirable symmetry of their persons, the elasticity of their limbs, and their motions free and unconstrained. "I have seen them often," he continued, "standing in the very attitude of this Apollo, and pursuing with intense eye the arrow which they had just discharged from the bow." The Italians cleared their moody brows, and allowed that a better criticism had rarely been pronounced. West was no longer a barbarian.

SAILORS AND THEATRICALS.

Sailors in general, I believe, are very fond of playhouses; this may be partly because they find their ships workhouses, and partly because the former are the readiest places of amusement they can visit when on shore. I remember on my first trip to Plymouth, I was rather startled at observing the effect which acting took on them, as also their mode of conducting themselves during a performance. It was a common occurrence, when no officers were present, for a tar in the gallery, who observed a messmate in the pit that he wished to address, to sling himself over and descend by the pillars, treading on every stray finger and bill in the way. When his communication was over, and before an officer could seize him, up again he went, like a cat, and was speedily anchored by the side of "Bet, sweet Blossom." The pit they called the hold; the gallery up aloft, or the maintop landing; the boxes the cabin; and the stage the quarter deck. Every general and gentleman, they saluted as a skipper; every soldier was a jolly or a lobster; and the varieties of old and young men, who were not "in command," were collectively designated as swabs. Jefferson, being the eldest, was a Rear Admiral, and I was a Commodore. What they disliked the most in representation was a sea-fight; some blunder or deficiency was sure to lay bare the artifice, and put them out of temper: either our ships cantered over the seas, or they could perceive the submarine Gullivers, who were working them; on such occasions they were much more noisy than the vessels. On the contrary, what most delighted them was a land-fight, particularly if *Richard* or *Macbeth* took a good deal of killing—they were all alive at a dying scene; but they required the villain, whoever he was, to roll about a few minutes, like a jolly boat in a tempest, in order to evince the pangs of his conscience and his wounds, when a *secundem artem* kick and shiver to conclude were the sure precursors of their thunder. They had, however, more gallantry than patriotism, and preferred that the combat and triumph should turn on the emancipation of a female than a country. The ladies they eulogised under the form of frigates, and their stems and sterns, stays, bend, bows, and beam-ends—sky-scrapers (their feathers) and spankers (their trains,) were severally subjected to a critical observance. What touched their feelings the most was a love-scene; the tears of a young couple took them "all aback;" injustice to the girl called down audible murmurs "to belay;" the desperate resolutions of her lover, to requite her, were invariably cheered, and the triumphant hug, when the happy pair came together at the end of the piece, was the full perfection of their dramatic enjoyments. —*Bernard's Retrospections of the Stage.*

The Pay of the Russian Army.—The pay of a Russian foot-soldier is about six rubles (five shillings) per annum; but they have rations of black bread, salt, &c. Every Russian recruit, when brought to the head-quarters of his regiment, is obliged to learn a trade: to one man they say, "you must be a carpenter;" to another, "you must be a shoemaker or a taylor;" and as the Russian soldier is commonly a very industrious, hard-working, and saving fellow—he has always plenty of money to lay out on trifling luxuries—and he commonly drinks his year's pay. In our service the soldiers of three regiments, than which none are more distinguished, go about with their undress jackets open, and party-colored waistcoats, because they are artisans; now every Russian soldier is an artisan, but none are allowed in undress to go with the jacket open, or to wear any forage cap but the regulation one; they are therefore on all occasions soldier-like. The Russian Guard get a complete suit once a year; the Line once in two years. If a soldier loses a button, or any of the metal part of his appointments, he is obliged to replace it: he also furnishes for himself pipe-clay, blacking, and pumice-stone. The barrels of all their muskets are bright, and the stocks of many of them of yellow birch wood. Once a year the soldier gets cloth for two shirts, and plenty of leather to make boots with: but they are so economical, that by mending they make their old boots last a long time, and are therefore able to dispose of the leather in the shape of new boots. The pay of a *properchek*, or ensign, is about five hundred rubles. The pay of a *polkivnick*, or colonel of a regiment, is twelve hundred rubles per annum, and three thousand for table allowance. Russian Colonels are very kind to their young officers, and see them often at their houses; for there is never that promoter of *esprit de corps* in a regiment, a mess. A major general has only two thousand rubles (£100,) annually; that is, when he is not in the field. Officers are promoted by seniority, and for distinguished services. —*Alexander's Travels in the East.*

Russian wives and tea drinking.—A merchant considers his wife as the best means by which he can make a display of his wealth. On holidays, he sends her to ride in a coach, "clothed in scarlet and fine linen,"—diamonds and shawls to adorn her person; of the latter Russians are extremely fond, and sometimes give the enormous sum of 600*l.* for one. In teas the Russians are also very extravagant—a common price for the flower of tea is fifty rubles a pound. The flower is found on the tops of the chests, and it is collected and sold separately. The English use it to flavor common teas with, but really all the tea I drank in Russia, was delicious. It is brought over land from China, and always sold fresh, and not, as in this country, after it has lain for two or three years in warehouses.—Most excellent unadulterated tea may be purchased in St. Petersburgh for ten rubles a pound, far superior to the best I have elsewhere tasted. Russians drink tea out of tumblers at all hours, and in great quantities.—*Alexander's Travels.*

Report of the Post Master General.

From this Report, it appears that the expenditures of the department, for the year commencing with the 1st of July, 1827, and extending to the 1st of July, 1828, were $1,623,893 80; the receipts, being the amount of postages returned for the same period, were $1,598,877 95; showing an excess of expenditure beyond the revenue for that year, of $25,015 85.

The expenditures from the first of July, 1828, to the first of July, 1829, were $1,782,132 57. The amount of postages returned for the same period, was $1,707,418 42. Showing an excess of expenditure of $74,714 15.

The total expenditures from the first of July, 1829, to the first of July, 1830, were $1,932,707 95; viz: compensation to Post Masters, $595,234 93; transportation of the mail, $1,274,009 98; incidental expenses, $63,463 04: Amount of postages returned for the same period was $1,850,583 10, exhibiting an expenditure beyond the receipts of this last year, of $82,124 85.

The expenditures of the latter half of the year 1828, were $831,190 96; receipts for the same period, $826,255 36; excess of expenditure, $24,935 60.

The expenditures of the first half year of 1829, were $930,941 61; receipts for the same period, $881,163 60; excess of expenditure, $49,778 55.

The expenditures of the second half year of 1829, were $948,366 73; receipts for the same period, $892,827 60; excess of expenditures, $55,539 14.

The expenditures of the first half year of 1830, were $984,341 21; receipts for the same period, $957,755 50; excess of expenditure, $26,585 71.

The whole amount of postage from the first of July, 1829, to the first of July, 1830, as appears above, is $1,850,583 10. The amount of postage from the first of July, 1828, to the first of July, 1829, was $1,707,418 42. Giving an increase of receipts during the year ending first July, 1830, over those of the year ending first July, 1829, of $143,164 68.

The amount of available funds at the disposal of the department on the first of July, 1829, was reported to be $230,849 07. Deduct the excess of expenditure for the last year, $82,124 85, leaves this amount of surplus $148,724 22.

Between the first of July, 1829, and the first of July, 1830, the transportation of the mail was increased, in stages, equal to 745,767 miles a year; on horseback and in sulkies, 67,104 miles: making an annual increase of transportation, equal to 812,871 miles a year, beyond the amount of any former period.

The annual transportation of the mail, on the first of July last, was about 9,531,577 miles in stages: and the whole yearly transportation in coaches, steam boats, sulkies, on horseback, amounted, at that period, to about 14,500,000 miles.

The existing contract for the transportation of the mail between Washington and New Orleans expires on the first of January, 1831; and in the renewal thereof provision has been made for carrying the mail in thirteen days, and at a saving in expense of $25,047 87.

The actual saving to the department in the renewing of the several contracts, will amount annually, to $72,840 89, besides a very considerable gain in the increased expedition of the mails on many routes of great interest to the community, the value of which cannot be well estimated; and it is anticipated that a foundation is thus laid for realizing sufficient for future disbursements. The present number of post offices in the United States is 8,401.—*Connecticut Mirror.*

Home Market.—The following is taken from the Natchez, an able and well conducted paper, published at the city of that name, in the State of Mississippi. It affords another instance of the progress of correct opinions on the subject of a *home market*, and the consequent protection of our own labor. "Truth is mighty and will prevail," is a sentiment in moral as well as physical science, to which we cordially respond. The south, who now, generally, disapprove of the Tariff, are, if possible, more interested in its preservation than the north. The statement which follows is in proof. The time may be distant to be sure, when they who now threaten a dissolution of the Union, because of it, will see their own best interests identified in its perpetuation; but come it will.—*N. Y. Age.*

The Cotton Market.—We regret to learn from New Orleans, that the price of our staple has declined there; and that there is every reason to expect a still further decline. We publish a letter from the house of "Henry Patry & Co." of Liverpool, addressed to a gentleman in New Orleans, and forwarded to us by a friend. We have often supposed, that just such a state of things as now exists in Europe, might occur, and we have repeatedly called the attention of our readers to the advantages that must result to them, from a liberal encouragement of the *Home* market. We learn from New Orleans, that not a bale of cotton has been purchased this season for the English or French markets; and we are informed that an English house, that has heretofore bought largely, has ventured a bet, "that the price would be lower this year, than at any previous year since the peace." No doubt, this is intended for *effect*. But the fact, nevertheless, stares us in the face; that we are, at this time, entirely dependent on the purchasers for the *Home* market, for the sales made up to this period. There is every reason to fear that so long as Europe continues in its present unsettled state, we will have no competition among the purchasers of our staple in the New Orleans market, and we have great reason to rejoice that we have a *Home* demand for a small part of our crop. It is this demand alone, which has enabled the agents of our planters in New Orleans, to effect the few sales that have been made, at *fair* prices. It is evident, the British and French purchasers have not yet come into the market, and equally evident that they may keep out until the purchasers for *Home* consumption are supplied; or until the price is reduced a cent or two on the pound. The "*accursed*," "*oppressive*" Tariff could have had no effect in producing the disturbances in Europe; but it has had a very considerable effect in producing a *Home* market for a part of our staple. On this subject we have already said enough.—We invite the attention of our readers to the Liverpool letter of 17th September.

"*Gentlemen:* Since our respects of the 8th instant, we have to report a continuation of much inactivity in our cotton market; the sales amount only to 9000 bales this week, in most instances a decline of 1-8 has been submitted to; the present depression is naturally accounted for, by the late political events in France, and in other parts of the continent, the consequences of which are looked upon with some degree of alarm with respect to commercial transactions. If it were not for this, the reduced state of our stock, and the present heavy rate of consumption, would have produced some reaction in our market."

More Commerce going to ruin.—The Boston Centinel says, "We learn that the ship Emerald, which sailed from Salem on Saturday last, for Calcutta, carried out 213 bales of American Manufactures."

These unfortunate events to the injury of Commerce are becoming so frequent, we marvel much that some steps are not taken by the free trade folks to arrest its progress. It is an outrage on their predictions, and it certainly should be looked into, or our commerce will be totally ruined by these manufactures.

How much better it would be for the country, to continue to sent out the *specie* as formerly done, instead of supplying the means of this trade, by the productions of our own labor! Then, too, how unreasonable it is for our manufacturers to produce fabrics from cotton, superior in texture and cheaper in price to any imported! What impudence to send these American Manufactures to *Turkey, S. America*, and to the *East* and *West Indies*. We say again, we marvel much that they do not take some steps to put a stop to those ruinous movements to commerce.—*New York Age.*

College of Pharmacy.—Several druggists and apothecaries have for some time been associated under this title, for the purpose of educating young men intending to engage in the sale of drugs and medicines, in order to qualify them to judge of the articles, and make up prescriptions correctly: and also with a view of preventing the dangerous frauds and adulterations which are daily practiced. As specimens of these, it is mentioned to us, that several pounds of an article composed of rubbish and various roots was not long since sold here as jalap, at the rate of six cents per pound. The price of the genuine article was then, at wholesale, forty-five cents. The roots of various inert, indigenous vegetables were powdered, mixed with tartar emetic, and the mixture sold for ipecacuanha. Calomel is mixed with white lead, and sold as pure.—Common magnesia, powdered and sifted, is sold for calcined magnesia. Cream of tartar is mixed with plaster of Paris. When the price of arsenic was high it was mixed with plaster of Paris in various proportions, and sold as genuine. Cayenne pepper is mixed with meal in various proportions, and colored to resemble the genuine, &c. Of the necessity of correcting these pernicious frauds there can be no doubt: and one of the most efficient means for so doing, is that adopted by the professional gentlemen who have formed this association. —*N. Y. Commercial Adv.*

Hassler's Logarithmic and Trigonometric Tables have obtained the approbation of the mathematicians of Europe, not only for their adaptation to practical use, which has been completely established, but also on account of the peculiar neatness of their execution, and their admirable typography and stereotyping. They have been given by mathematicians in Europe to stereotypers as models. Thus Messrs. Hagar & Co. who were the stereotypers, and Mr. Van Nordan the printer, both established in this city, and Messrs. Carvills as the liberal publishers of the work, have elevated the standard of our country in a valuable branch of industry, while they rewarded the exertions of the author, by the adequate execution of his ideas. This neat, small pocket volume, at a moderate price, furnishes to the practical mathematician, astronomer, engineer, and to students generally in these branches, extensive and accurate knowledge, which before was only to be collected from large and expensive volumes. A letter to the author from the Academy of Science in Paris, expresses the estimation of that learned body for his work.—*N. Y. American.*

We have seen a Trigonometer, or Traverse Quadrant, invented by Mr. Howe. It is intended as a substitute for the Navigator's Traverse Table, and readily shows, mechanically, the three sides of any plane right angled triangle. A quarter of a circle of white wood is inlaid in a square mahogany board, and handsomely divided into degrees and points of the compass. A graduated radius of about fourteen inches, which may be considered as the hypothenuse, or the secant, is set to the angle. Two sides of the square are also divided into equal parts, on which slides a scale, also equally divided, and represents the sine or tangent of the angle, according to circumstances. The scale on the side of the board would at the same time show the cosine or cotangent. For navigators, this will be found cheap, durable and convenient. Others, whose vocations are connected with trigonometrical calculations, would also find it useful.—*N. Y. Gazette.*

Rhode Island.—We have the census of this state complete. The amount of the population is 97,216—in 1820, 83,059—increase 14,165, or at the rate of 16 per cent. in 10 years.

Counties.	1820.	1830.
Providence,	35,736	47,014
Newport,	15,771	16,534
Washington,	15,687	15,414
Kent,	10,228	12,788
Bristol,	5,637	5,466
	83,059	97,216

Providence (the town) contains 16,832—increase since 1820, 5,065—and the town of Newport has 8,010—increase in same time, 697. Providence, county or town, is the chief seat of the manufactures of the state. Newport has also *revived*, because of the establishment of some interesting employments for the people.—*Niles.*

Connecticut.—We learn that the population of this state is found to be 297,726.

In 1790,	237,947	*Increase.*
1800,	251,002	13,056
1810,	261,942	10,940
1820,	275,248	13,306
1830,	297,726	22,478

The dense population of this small state will not permit a very large increase, until certain others are more thickly settled, and tens of thousands of farmers, mechanics, and manufacturers, have left and are still leaving it, and may be found in every state south and west of their native land: yet in the last ten years the increase was nearly as large as in the preceding twenty, doubtless caused by increased employment in the factories.—*Niles.*

Delaware.—The population of this state is ascertained as follows:

	1820.	1830.
New Castle county,	27,899	29,716
Kent do.	20,793	19,911
Sussex do.	24,057	27,118
	72,749	76,739

Increase in ten years, 3,990. We supposed the population would amount to 80,000 this year.

PITTSBURGH BANK-NOTE EXCHANGE.

CORRECTED semi-monthly, at N. Holmes' Exchange Office, No. 33 Market Street.

Pennsylvania.		*District Columbia* gen.	1
U. S. Bank & bran.	par	*Michigan* 85 & upw.	3
Philadelphia Banks	do	*New York.*	
Bank of Pittsburgh	do	City Banks	1
Easton	do	Troy and Albany	2
Germantown	do	Mohawk Bk. Schen.	do
Erie	1	Newburgh	do
Montgomery county	par	Orange county	do
West Chester	do	Catskill	do
Farmers' Bk. Lanc.	do	Auburn	do
Harrisburgh	do	Geneva	do
Bucks county	do	Centr. Bk. Cher. Val.	do.
Lancaster Bank	½	Chenango	2
Northampton	½	Utica Bk. & branches	do
York Bank	½	Ontario Bk. at Utica	do
Chambersburgh	1	do. at Canandaigua	do
Greensburgh	2½	Rochester	do
Brownsville	½	Niagara Bank	no sale
Gettysburgh	½	*Georgia.*	
Susquehanna Br. Co.	½	St. Bks. gen. $5 & up	4½
Farmers' Bk. Read'g	½	*Maryland.*	
Pottsville Bank,	unc.	Baltimore City Bks.	par
Ohio.		George's county	½
Bank of Steubenville,	2	Annap. & br. Easton	do
F. & M. B'k. of do.	½	Fredk. co. Hav de Gra.	do
Mount Pleasant	½	Westminster	do
Western Reserve	½	Hagerstown	do
St. Chairsville	½	Williamsport	do
Bank of Chillicothe	½	*New Jersey.*	
Lancaster	½	St. Bk. at N. Brunsw.	1
Marietta	½	Trenton Bank	do
Columbus	½	New Brunswick	do
Canton	2	Mount Holly	do
Portsmouth, $5 and upwards,	3	Camden	do
Indiana.		Cumberland	do
F. & M. Bk. Madison	12½	Newark Insurance	do
Br. at Lawrenceb.	50	State Bank at Morris	do
North Carolina.		do. at Elizabeth't'n	do
State bk & branches $5 and upwards,	5	Sussex	do
South Carolina.		Paterson bank	unc
Charleston, $5 & up.	3	*Connecticut.*	
Delaware.		New Haven Bk.	do. 2
Bank of Delaware	½	Bridgeport	do
Commercial Bk. Del.	½	Middletown bank	do
Farmers' Bk. of Del.	½	Phœnix Bk. Hartford	do
Branch at Newcastle	½	*Virginia.*	
do. at Wilm'gton	½	Richm'd & br. $5 & up.	1
do. at Georget'n	½	Valley B'k & bran.	do
Wilmington & Bran.	2	N. W. B'k Wheeling	½
Massachusetts.		*Rhode Island.*	
Boston Bks. $5 & up.	2	Providence Bank	2
Springfield	2	Wash'gton B'k West.	do
Hamsh. Bk. N Hampt.	2	Phœnix B'k at do.	do
Salem	2	N. E. Commer. Bank	do
Worcester	2	Oth. R. I notes, gen	do
Other Massach. notes	2	*Vermont.*	
		Burlington	3
		New Hampshire gen.	3

CHRISTMAS AND NEW-YEAR'S GIFTS.

The Atlantic Souvenir, with 12 fine engravings;
The Token, with 11 engravings;
The Youth's Keepsake, with 7 engravings;
The Pearl, with 8 engravings;
The Lady and Gentleman's Diary, 4 engravings.

ENGLISH ANNUALS.

The Gem, with 12 highly finished engravings;
The Winter's Wreath, with 13 superb engravings;
Friendship's Offering, with 13 engravings;
Ackermann's Forget Me Not, with 15 engravings;
The Christmas Box, with 8 engravings;
Ackermann's Juvenile Forget Me Not, 11 engrav's.

JOHN I. KAY & CO., *Booksellers,*
Dec. 21.—6t. No. 95 Market street.

French & Latin together,
No. 119 MARKET STREET.

"*Alterius sic*
Altera poscit opem res et conjurat amice."
HORACE.

IN this course the Eclogues of Virgil are translated into French, so that the pupil is at the same time acquainted with the niceties of the Latin and the French. We need not remark that these Eclogues are so many immortal models of conversation and ingenuousness.

☞ Private attendances also are given, by Mr. Mouls, at the rate of $9 for one person, $12 for two persons, and $15 for three persons, for three months. Three lessons a week, of one hour each lesson.
October 29—w2mo.

GLUE MANUFACTORY.

THE SUBSCRIBER, Agent for the manufacturer, will always have on hand a large quantity of GLUE, of a very superior quality, manufactured on Herr's Island, near Pittsburgh. It is fully equal to Swiss Glue, and will be sold lower than it can be procured from the eastern Merchants. Druggists, &c. will be supplied at any quantity, on advantageous terms.

B. A. FAHNESTOCK,
Corner of Sixth and Wood Streets
Pittsburgh, November 21—wtf

☞ COOKSTOWN COTTON FACTORY ☜

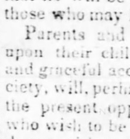
FOR SALE.

HAVING got so advanced in life as to wish to decline business, I offer For Sale my COTTON AND WOOLLEN FACTORY.—The Factory is moved by a never failing stream of water, situated in a fine part of our country, near Cookstown, on the Monongahela. The buildings and machinery are all in good order. It is a very desirable situation for an enterprising individual or a small Company, as there are many advantages to be brought into action by a person suitable to carry on the business. The terms of sale will be made very low and easy. For more particular inquiry, reference may be made to my son, J. C. DOWNER, living near the lower locks, Allegheny-town, or to the subscriber at Cookstown.
Nov. 12.—3mos. JOSEPH DOWNER.

VENANGO FURNACE

FOR SALE.

THIS valuable property, which is worthy the attention of Capitalists, is situated about thirteen miles south of Franklin, Venango county, on the waters of Scrubgrass creek. The works, which are now in complete order, have been built between 4 and 5 years, during which time they have been in successful operation, without any impediment from the severest of last winter's weather. At all seasons of the year there is an abundant supply of water for the furnace brought to it in pipes, as also for a saw mill recently built on the premises, and would be sufficient for ordinary milling or manufacturing purposes. The buildings immediately attached to the furnace, are large and convenient, the coal house being of sufficient size to contain ten weeks' stock.



The chief MANSION HOUSE, overlooking all the works, is spacious and very convenient. The other buildings, consisting of a boarding house, store house, and 13 houses for workmen, are each of the necessary size and well built; besides these there are several cabins, stables and a blacksmith shop. The land, of which there is between ELEVEN AND TWELVE HUNDRED ACRES, immediately surrounding the works, abounds more or less with hard ore, and another tract of 400 acres four miles distant contains an extensive bank of bog ore. All of this land is well studded with pine and hemlock, and partially with the other kinds of timber common to this section of country.

VENANGO FURNACE is situated in Scrubgrass township, the wealthiest and most flourishing one in the county, affording to the works abundance of produce at the lowest possible prices. The Allegheny river, within two miles of the works, affords, at all ordinary stages of the water, a safe and cheap mode of carrying the product of the furnace to the Pittsburgh market.

In consequence of the decease of two of the partners, this property, with a large assortment of patterns, and stock on hand, is now offered for sale on advantageous terms.—Persons desirous of purchasing will doubtless view the premises, where all necessary information can be obtained from JOHN ANDERSON, Esq. the surviving partner on the premises, or by application to Mr. G. LEDLIE, of Pittsburgh, or DAVID DERRICKSON, Esq. Meadville, by letter or otherwise.
Oct. 29—w3m.

DANCING.

HENRY ANDERSON presents his respects to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Pittsburgh, and respectfully informs them that he will open a Dancing School in Mr. George Beale's City Assembly Room, as soon as a sufficient number of subscribers can be obtained. Having taught with success in some of the principal southern cities for more than ten years, feels assured that he will be able to give entire satisfaction to those who may honor him with their patronage.

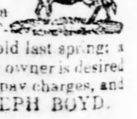
Parents and Guardians, who wish to bestow upon their children and wards this fashionable and graceful accomplishment, so ornamental to society, will, perhaps, do well to avail themselves of the present opportunity. Ladies or Gentlemen, who wish to be taught this accomplishment, and do not wish to attend the public class, can, if they desire it, be waited on at their respective residences.

For the further advancement of his pupils, he intends giving them a Cotillion or Practising Party, every week.

Subscriptions received at the Assembly Room.

References—Messrs. Alex. Johnston, Jr. John M'Donald, Esq. Robert Stewart, Samuel Fahnestock, Owen Aston, and N. Griffith.

N. B.—Mr. P. H. A. intends making a permanent residence in this city, if encouragement sufficient be offered to justify his doing so. As the season is near at hand for commencing, subscriptions are requested as early as possible, to enable him to make arrangements, and to provide the necessary accommodations. Dec. 17.



CAME to the plantation of the Subscriber, residing in Robinson township, in June last, a black and white MULEY HEIFER; supposed to be three years old last spring; a small crop off the right ear. The owner is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away. JOSEPH BOYD.
December 24.—3t*

STRAY STEER.—Broke into the enclosure of the subscriber, in Versailles township, on the 9th instant, a white STEER, with some black spots about his neck, a crop off the right ear, and two slits in the left two years old. The owner is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.
Dec. 24—3t. TIMOTHY MUDD.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 27.

☞ Three arrivals and three departures of steam boats since our last. River 7 feet above low water, and rising handsomely.

UNITED STATES SENATOR.—We believe we hazard nothing when we assert that no election has ever given more general satisfaction than that of William Wilkins to the Senate of the United States. Perhaps we might say that there is but one feeling upon the subject in this section of our state, and that a feeling of gratification. There is one set of politicians in this city, who, we supposed, were favorable to the election of another individual, and it was at one time rumored that they had used all their influence in favor of that individual. This rumor, however, seems to be entirely unfounded.

In the last "American Manufacturer," there is published a letter from these very persons to Judge Wilkins, inviting him to a dinner, to be given on the eighth of January, from which we make the following extract:—

"As *an able advocate* of the GREAT MAN, who, under Providence, was the instrument of achieving that victory; *we hail your election to the United States Senate, with sincere gratification.* We, therefore, rejoice that circumstances enable us to unite in a proper celebration of that day *with a personal compliment to your talents and political principles.*"

This letter is signed by the very men who, we had supposed, would not be gratified with the success of Mr. Wilkins, and the defeat of Mr. Stevenson; but it seems we were mistaken; they "*hail his election with sincere gratification.*"—We wonder how Messrs. Craft, Arthurs, Kerr, and Brown, will justify their opposition to the election of a man who appears to be the *unanimous* choice of their constituents.

VARIOUS MATTERS.

The seventeenth number of the North American Review will be published on the first of January. The subjects of the articles contained in it are as follows:—1, Statuary; 2, Bank of the U. States; 3, Anatomy; 4, Clarence; 5, Hieroglyphics; 6, American System; 7, Grahame's History of the United States; 8, Memoirs of Madame de Genlis; 9, Phillips's Political Economy; 10, History of the Jews.

In the House of Representatives, at Washington, Mr. Overton has submitted a plan of *military colonies* on the public lands, with a view to the permanent defence of the Western and North Western frontiers of the United States.

A gentleman in this city has received letters from Bordeaux, dated Oct. 24, via Havana, by the Bordeaux packet, which state that all was tranquil at that time.—*Philadelphia Coffee-House Books.*

A Great Evil.—One of the greatest pests of society is an ignorant and corrupt magistrate—who poisons justice at its very fountain head—who considers his office merely as a source of emolument, and whose heart, having no connexion with the public good, is fixed in hopeless and immoveable selfishness.

Census of the State of New York.—The Grand total is one million, nine hundred and thirty-four thousand, four hundred and ninety-six; showing an increase since 1825, of 318,038, and since 1820, of 581,684. The ratio of increase in ten years is nearly 41 per cent. and in five years, about 19¼. The population in 1790 was 340,120; in 1800, 586,-060; in 1810, 959,041; in 1820, 1,372,812; in 1825; 1,616,458; in 1830, 1,934,426. According to the the proposed ratio of one in 50,000, she would be entitled to 38 Representatives, and have a large fraction remaining, say 34,496. In this respect she is situated precisely like Rhode Island and Connecticut, the only two States besides, whose population under the new census is yet ascertained. With a ratio of 48,000 she would be entitled to 40 Representatives.—Rhode Island to 2, and Connecticut to 6, as at present, and in each case the fractions remaining would be small.

We learn from a distinguished friend, that the United States will shortly be honored by a visit from an illustrious traveler, who cannot but excite as much interest and curiosity amongst us, as he will feel, himself, in the novelties of our western republic. This is no other than the accomplished Persian, whose long residence in England, as Ambassador from his Persian Majesty, formed the basis of the amusing volumes of Hajji Baba, and other works of satire and literature. He has since resided, as the representative of his sovereign, at Constantinople. The curiosity of the Persian court has been excited by our fine ships, our commerce, and the occasional presence of an American traveler, to learn something official about the *Yauzey Dunzea*, or new world. This gentleman, whose residence at Paris and London has given him an acquaintance with the languages and manners of Europe, unrivalled in the higher circles of the east, has been selected for this purpose. He does not, however, come in official, public character, though in fact sent by the court to see the whole length and breadth of the land, which he will do with the eyes of a good traveler, as well as a good Persian. He will probably be here, by way of England, some time next fall.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

Law Report.—The Coshocton (Ohio) Spy, of a late date, contains the following report of a law case in progress before the Common Pleas of that county:

WALLACE *vs.* GAMBLE.

Messrs. Wallace and Gamble,
About corn have a scramble,
One of many unfortunate jobs,
For when the Zanesville Attorneys
Shall be paid for their journeys,
The parties may pocket the cobs.

Agricultural Productions.—A London paper assures us that on the 8th of October, Mr. Cope, M. P., received six and a half brace of partridges, contained in a *turnip* scooped out for the occasion; and another gentleman had sent him a brace of full-grown hares contained in another! The turnips measured 33 and 34 inches in circumference, and the same field contained many more like them.

We understand that the trial of the unfortunate C. V. Rousseau, for having killed his brother, which occupied the Court of Bucks county the greater part of last week, has eventuated in a verdict of Involuntary Manslaughter. This is the lowest degree of culpable homicide known to the law, and, in the language of the much venerated Chief Justice Tilghman, "in most cases deserves the name of misfortune." The sentence is a fine of one hundred dollars, and restraint of liberty for eighteen months.—*Nat. Gazette.*

Water in the Prairies.—We understand that Mr. F. M. Gilmar, of Montgomery County, has succeeded in finding water by boring, 545 feet from the surface. After penetrating the Limestone Rock, upon which the prairie is based, at this astonishing depth, he found sand, and an excellent spring of free stone water, which immediately rose to within seventy feet of the surface, whence it is drawn as from ordinary wells.—*Mobile Register.*

Execution of J. J. Knapp, Jr.—We understand, says the Salem Register, that sheriff *Sprague* received the warrant for the Execution of Joseph J. Knapp, Jr. on Tuesday last, and communicated it to the prisoner on the same evening. He heard it read with composure. The execution will take place on Friday, 31st inst. between the hours of 8 and 10 o'clock, A. M.

The Boston Daily Advertiser states, that an application was made to the Governor and Council, during the present session, for the pardon of Knapp, but they declined granting it.

The following sign may be seen in Salisbury, England.—Table beer sold here.' A wag asked if the *beer* was the man's own *brain*.—*N. Y. Farmer.*

IMPORTANT FROM FRANCE.

NEW YORK, December 20.—At last we have an arrival from France. At a late hour this morning, intelligence was received that the packet ship De Rham, Depeyster, was below at Havre. At 12 o'clock we received a few loose Havre papers—our regular files not having yet reached us from the ship. The morning papers, however, have received their files across the island, by express. We add such translations from the Havre papers as possess any interest.

BOMBARDMENT OF ANTWERP.—The dates from Antwerp are to the 28th of October, at which time, it being in possession of the revolutionists, the Dutch troops were bombarding it. The city was represented as being all in flames at the departure of the advices. The loss in the public stores from the conflagration, is estimated at fifty millions of florins.

Mina has marched into Spain, and was commencing the work of revolution with success.—The constitutional flag was flying at Cadiz, Coruna, &c.

Valdez had been obliged to retire from Spain back into France.

General Don Juan Van Halen was arrested on the 21st, according to advices from Mons.

Great fermentation is said to exist in Poland.

A change has taken place in the French Cabinet or rather it has been dissolved. The party *doctrinaire* demanded the deposition of M. O. Barrot. The demand was presented by M. Guizot, and met with great opposition, particularly from M. Depont de L'Eure. The embarrassment arose from the measures of the Chamber in favor of the ex-ministers.—The King declared that M. Dupont was the last of his friends with whom he would wish to part. The resignation of Messrs. de Broglie and Guizot followed very soon after this interview, and that of Mr. Louis succeeded. All three were accepted. Whether the ministry would be changed in effect was a question on which there were differences of opinion. General La Fayette was charged to compose a new cabinet, and endeavored to reconcile the rival pretensions. During the time preceding the formation, the public mind was much disquieted. His majesty also appeared very grave for several days, though the royal saloons were crowded with all that was distinguished in Paris.

The Prince of Orange quitted Anvers, where his situation had become extremely unpleasant, for London, in the latter part of October. Previous to embarking, he addressed a proclamation to the Belgians, dated on the 25th, stating that he had used his best efforts unsuccessfully for the pacification of their provinces. That they were now to deliberate in the approaching national convention on the interests of the country, and he deemed he should but discharge his duty, by withdrawing from the scene of the discussion, but his best wishes would remain with them. He expressed his thanks for the treatment he had met with in Anvers. The separation of the Dutch and Belgian troops of the old army was rapidly going on at that place. There was an *on-dit*, not relied upon in London, that there was a good understanding between Talleyrand, the Duke of Wellington, and the Prussian Minister, by which, if the vote should exclude the Prince of Orange, the provinces of Brussels, Liege, Mars and Namur were to be annexed to France, those of Maestricht, Gand, Burges and Anvers to remain to Holland, and the Prince to take the title of Grand Duke of Luxembourg without prejudice to his right of accession to his father's throne.

In addition to the foregoing, the deficiency of our own accounts has been, in part, supplied by the editors of the Daily Advertiser, who have obligingly furnished us proofs of the matter prepared for their correspondents.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 31.

From the Antwerp Journal, of Oct. 26.

The victorious army of the patriots, after having routed the Dutch troops, made its entry this morning by the Red Gate; the inner guard had been disarmed by our citizens, and especially by the sailors and workmen of the port. The flag of independence was immediately displayed on the tower of *Notre Dame*. Tranquility and confidence have been restored.

They were on the eve of battle at Bruges, on the 29th of October. The citadel of Ghent had capitulated.

Bayonne, Oct. 28.—The forces of General Mina are divided into two columns; one of which, commanded by himself, marched on the 26th for Ernani; and the other, under Valdez, took the road of Vera. The latter was attacked by six thousand troops, and driven back into France, where they were disarmed. Mina has proceeded on to the interior, against the centre of the royalist line.—Valdez's defeat is ascribed to his disobeying the orders of Mina, in taking a different route from that directed. It was reported on the 29th that Valdez was about to commence his march against Arragon.

Paris, Nov. 3.—A list of the new Ministry was signed by the King at 3 o'clock to day: La Fitte, Minister of Finance and President to the Council: Marshall Maison, Minister of Foreign Affairs: Count Montalivet, Minister of the Interior; M. Dupond de l'Eure, Keeper of the Seals; Marshall Garrard, Minister of Public Instruction; M. Sebastiani, Minister of the Marine.

It is said there will be no more ministers, without Port-folios. The eminent men of the last Ministry, have been attached to legitimacy. They contributed to two restorations.

The new ministry will not be afraid of the revolution; their feelings go with it. But Marshall Maison and Montalivet are not known as diplomatists, and there are some doubts of their talents.

Letters from London of October 30th, announce that the standard of liberty was raised at Cadiz, Ferrol, and Corruna; and that Don Miguel had given positive orders to send troops to assist the Spanish royalists. The greatest activity prevails in the English diplomacy. Prince Talleyrand and the Prussian Minister have frequent interviews with the Duke of Wellington and long conferences with the Earl of Aberdeen.

The committee of the Court of Peers are extending their inquiries respecting the measures of the late Ministry as far back as August, 1829.

The examination of the impeached ministers had been finished. The debates on the subject were not expected to commence before the 15th of Dec. The Chamber of Peers will be fitted up for the occasion.

SWITZERLAND.—Prince Noronsky, Minister of the house of the Emperor, has been appointed Russian Ambassador to Paris, in place of Pozzo-di Borgo.

Travelers from Warsaw arrived at Leipsic state that the present ferment prevails in the whole kingdom of Poland as well as the capital. The Russians have considerable forces on the frontiers as a precaution.

LONDON, 30th Oct. City, 2 o'clock.—Consols had risen to 84 5-8, but, on hearing of the new events in Antwerp, fell to 84 1-4.

The scenes of disorder in the county of Kent have at length become objects of much attention. The peasantry are in a state of much suffering.

BRUSSELS, October 30.—Antwerp presents an animated, but desolate spectacle, since the bombardment. All the streets are barricaded, and the patriot flag is floating over the city. M. Oliver is now commandant of the place. Many persons were buried in the ruins of their houses. The appearance of the city was terrible, when set on fire by a shower of bombs, grenades, &c.; the streets are deserted by all, except now and then a few fugitives. The landing of a quantity of arms was the signal of insurrection—every citizen took arms.

The British Parliament assembled on the 26th Oct. Mr. Manners Sutton was unanimously chosen speaker of the Commons. The King's speech was not expected until the 2d of November.

BOMBARDMENT AND CAPTURE OF ANTWERP!—The most important news by this arrival, is that of the bombardment of Antwerp by the Dutch troops in the citadel, by which an immense loss of property was occasioned. An armistice was agreed on, on the 27th, by Chazal, commandant of the citadel, to treat of a surrender, but it was broken by the firing of a few muskets, which, it is said, he himself had secretly ordered, to make a pretext for the destruction of the city.

During the negotiations, certain unknown persons went towards the Quais aux Bois and Poissons, fired a few muskets, which being answered, the citadel and Sete de Flandre commenced their fire. The whole square of the Public Stores is destroyed—the street of the Convent and the Canal of St. John stopped the further passage of the flames.—Horrible to relate, during the bombardment the Dutch had barrels of tar taken into the public stores; but happily a large part of the merchandise had been removed.

Brussels, 28th Oct.—The provisional government made known the following propositions to Gen. Chasse, by M. F. Chazal:—

1. The government demands that Gen. Chasse shall evacuate the city in three days.
2. The General and his army may retire with arms and baggage.
3. The provisional government will procure necessary transports.
4. Hostilities shall cease on both sides.

CHAZAL.

Proposition of General Baron Chazal.

1. The Lieut. General Baron Chazal will not yield the citadel without the order of the king, his august master.
2. For the benefit of the city, he accepts the suspension of hostilities on these conditions—

That all defensive works shall cease; that no armed men shall appear on the esplanade, nor in the environs of the citadel; that no hostility be committed against his Majesty's squadron, at the Escaut; and that the magazines of provisions be given, which was pillaged yesterday at Rivoli, notwithstanding the armistice, which has prevented Lieut. Gen. Chazal from ordering a sortie.

LIEUT. GEN. BARON CHAZAL.

CONGRESS.

December 17.—The following resolution, offered by Mr. Hemphill, and directed to be laid on the table for one day, was considered and agreed to.

Resolved, That the President of the United States be requested to transmit to congress a statement of the expenditures heretofore made for internal improvement, specifying the several works and the expenditure upon each; also, a statement of the estimated expense of the works of internal improvement of which surveys have been made, together with a like statement of the estimated expense of other works projected and partially surveyed.

Monday, Dec. 20.—In the Senate a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury was received, in accordance with a resolution of the Senate of the 26th of May last, which will be found in our Senatorial proceedings. The bills authorising the payment of 3 per cent. to the State of Illinois of the public lands sold in that State; for authorising the State of Illinois to relinquish a township of land, granted for purposes of education, and to locate others in lieu thereof; for the relief of John Reid and John Brahan; for the relief of John McCartney; and for the relief of Samuel Noel; were respectively read a second time, and ordered to a third reading. On motion of Mr. foot and by unanimous consent of the Senate, the following bills were read a third time, and passed before 12 o'clock: The bill for the relief of Ransom Mix and Edmund Smith; for the relief of Judah Roberts; for the relief of Aaron Fitzgerald; and for the relief of Simeon C. Whittier. After spending some time in the consideration of Executive business, at twelve o'clock the Senate having organised itself into a High Court of Impeachment, for the trial of Judge Peck, of Missouri, and Judge Peck with his Counsel, Messrs. Wirt and Meredith, and the managers on the part of the House of Representatives, Messrs. Buchannan, Spencer, Wickliffe, McDuffie, and Storrs, of New York, being present, the trial proceeded. Mr. McDuffie for the United States, opened the case against the respondent, and continued his argument until after three o'clock, when Court adjourned. Mr. McDuffie will, it is supposed, conclude to-morrow. As we intend to give as full and correct a report of this trial as possible, the arguments of the Managers, and of the Counsel for the respondent will be prepared and submitted to their revision before being put to the press.

The House of Representatives, after some preliminary arrangements, on motion of Mr. Hoffman, proceeded in a body to the Senate Chamber for the purpose of prosecuting the impeachment of Judge Peck. Mr. McDuffie opened the case, and addressed the High Court until three o'clock; when having taken a review of eight of the eighteen specifications contained in the article, written by Mr. Lawless, an adjournment of the Court took place. Mr. McDuffie will resume to-morrow. The House then adjourned till 11 o'clock.

DRY DOCKS.

We had no adequate conception, before reading the Document accompanying the Report of the Secretary of the Navy, of the extent of the works going on at the sites of the projected Dry Docks at Boston and Norfolk. There has been expended on the Dock at Boston, up to the 31st of October, for materials, $60,221 28, and for labor $71,497 34, making the sum of $131,718 62, disbursed since November, 1829; add to which $111,853 94⅔ for materials, and $138,531 53⅓ for labor, previously expended, making the total disbursements on this Dock, from its commencement, $382,104 10. The amount estimated as necessary to complete it, is $118,000.

On the Dock at Norfolk, there has been expended in the past year, up to the 31st ult. for materials, $109,802 15; for labor $80,819 17, making $190,621 32 disbursed during the past year; add to which $62,763 82 for materials, and $117,428 92 for labor, previously expended, making the total amount of disbursements on this Dock, from its commencement, $370,814 06. It is supposed that this Dock will be completed during the year 1832.

Here is an expenditure of three or four hundred thousand dollars each for two *Dry Docks*, by the same authority which would consider it lavish prodigality to expend the tenth part of the amount on a *Canal Lock*. It is owing to the perverseness of our minds, we suppose, that we cannot distinguish between the *constitutionality* of Dry Docks and Canal Locks. It would make an excellent subject for a disquisition, by one of the Richmond Enquirer's correspondents. He might defy any one to "put his finger on the clause of the constitution" which authorises even the erection of Dry Docks. "Dock Yards," it is true, are recognised by the constitution—but a Dock Yard is not a Dry Dock. At least that position is quite as clear as that other proposition maintained by certain gentlemen learned in the law, that *post-roads* are not Roads, but merely designations of routes.—*National Intelligencer.*

Claims on Denmark.—The names of three commissioners for the adjustment of the claims of those interested in the $650,000 allowed by the Government of Denmark, have been sent to the Senate for confirmation. According to a correspondent of the Albany Argus, Jesse Hoyt, Esq. of this city, is one of them, and such is the fact.—If Mr. Van Burren had made no worse appointment, it would have been better for him in the long run. It is too late to begin to mend now.—The other Commissioners are said to be Stephen Simpson, Esq. of Philadelphia, late a protegee of Mr. Secretary Eaton, and George Winchester Esq. of Baltimore.

Touching this claim on Denmark, we note in the President's Message, that while the other Ministers got a compliment a piece, the only one who has got any money for our citizens is "unwept unhonored, and unsung." He happened to have been appointed by Mr. Adams. The $650,000, however, something like a twelfth part of what we claimed from Denmark, is spoken of in terms of great complacency by the second Jefferson.—This is after the pattern of the first; because, when, through the energy and talents of our agents in England, and of our venerable fellow citizen Col. Trumbull in particular, ten millions of dollars were obtained under a stipulation in Jay's treaty, Mr. Jefferson did not think it of sufficient importance to make the least allusion to it in his message. And to this day we doubt whether our people generally, have been aware of the fact, of the recovery of this splendid amount of money, by the principal agency of one, who in obtaining it, showed as much talent and skill in wielding the pen of diplomacy, as he has done in the most elegant and beautiful department of the arts. Times are altered certainly; and they will alter again presently.—*N. Y. Com.*

We were much struck with the annexed article in a Mississippi paper, received this morning. It forms an excellent comment on the local authorities, and the dangers to State rights, which the President so touchingly describes in the Message.—*Nat. Gaz.*

"JACKSON, (MISS.) Nov. 19.

"The resolution repealing the resolution remonstrating against the introduction of a Branch of the United States Bank into this State [passed in 1828] was brought up for consideration, and after many attempts of Members opposed to the institution, to defeat the resolution, and with it the object intended, it was ordered to be engrossed nad made the order of the day for a third reading to-morrow."

"*Nov.* 20.—The subject of inviting a Branch of the United States Bank was again brought up and passed the House of Representatives by a vote of 21 to 14. It has since passed the Senate of Mississippi."

A Tri-Colored Book.—Carter & Hindee, of Boston, have published a history of the Three Days in Paris, made up by several eye-witnesses of the wonderful events of that brief period. It contains one hundred and ninety-seven pages, seventy-two of which are printed on *blue* paper, the same number of pages upon *white*, and the remaining fifty-three *red*. The design is novel in its character, and we have no doubt will contribute greatly to the sale of the book, although its other merits, for aught we know, may be of an inferior order.

March of Invention.—A communication has been made to Dr. Mitchell, of New York, enclosing for his inspection some specimens of hornet's nest paper, as applied to the making of bonnets. It is stated that one nest afforded plaiting for three bonnets; and that the material can be colored and speedily prepared.

In answer, Dr. Mitchell observes that he considers the raw material used in this new fashioned bonnet, as a species of paper. "Hornets and wasps (says Dr. M.) seem to be the oldest paper makers in the world." The sizing which they use is, however, stated to be better adapted than that of most paper makers, for preserving the shape of the material, and resisting the action of weather. Dr. Mitchell appears to think well of this application of the above material; and observes that if the poor hornets were no longer harrassed by boys, but taken under human protection, they would probably multiply in great numbers.—*Balt. Pat.*

New Publications.

THE *London Carcanet*, containing select passages from the most distinguished. Elegantly bound in Morocco, gilt edges.

The Casket, or Youth's Pocket Library, with 6 plates, Morocco, gilt edges.

Perkins' Historical Sketches of the United States, from 1805 to 1830.

The American Almanac, and Repository of Useful Knowledge, for 1831.

Memoirs of Vidocq, Principal Agent of the French Police, written by himself.

Lawrence on the Horse.

Vols. 14, 15, 16, and 17, *Waverley Novels*, Edinburgh Edition, Plates.

Worcester's Pronouncing and Explanatory Dictionary of the English Language.

Watson's Theological Institutes, New Edition, complete in one volume.

Rev. *Albert Barnes' Sermon on the way of Salvation*, Second Edition. For sale by

HOGAN & Co.
Corner of Front and Market streets.
December 28—2t

NEVER FORTUNATE.—Drawing of the Union Canal Lottery, Class No. 23 for 1830. 49, 41, 30, 18, 57, 26, 2, 17, 55.—Nos. 2, 40, 55, a Prize of $1,000 sent to Clarke & Cook, Wheeling, Va. Nos. 18 40 55, a Prize of $200, Sent to Washington, Pa. Nos. 18 40 57, a Prize of $200, Sent to Freeport, Pa. Nos. 18 33 57, a Prize of $500, Nos. 17 26 55, a Prize of $400; Nos. 18 26 41, a Prize of $300; Nos. 17 18 41, a Prize of $300; Sold in this City. Besides many of $100, $50, &c. were sold by GEORGE A. COOK, Agent for Yates & M'Intyre, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Dec. 22, 1830.

FOR RENT, and possession given 1st April next, A FIRST RATE STAND. Enquire at Greer's Lottery and Exchange Office, corner of Market and Liberty streets.

BRICK MOULDER.—Wanted, a foreman to superintend a Brick Yard, adjoining the city line. Good recommendations for sobriety, industry, and a complete knowledge of the business, will be required.

CORD WOOD.—Wanted to purchase, two or three hundred cords wood. Apply at GREER'S Lottery and Exchange Office, corner of Market and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh.
December 23, 1830.—3t

CITY HOTEL
AGAIN!

THE SUBSCRIBER has the pleasure of informing his friends and the public in general, that the Hotel has been rebuilt, and is very much improved. It is fitted up in elegant style, and ready for the reception of genteel company.

J. EDMONDSON.
Nashville, Tenn. December 31—4w.

NOTICE.—The subscribers being about to close up their business, according to their articles of partnership, request all those having demands, to present them for settlement, and those indebted, to make immediate payment.

KINGSLAND, LIGHTNER & Co.
December 21—3

WILLIAMSON'S EXCHANGE,
PITTSBURGH.

THIS new and extensive Hotel, believed to be one of the best in the United States, is now open for the accommodation of the public.—The advertiser, well known as the conductor of a public house in the cities of Baltimore and Washington, takes this method of informing those who have heretofore patronized him, and travelers generally, that his entire efforts shall be directed to the comfort, ease, and quietude of all who may favor him with their custom. He appeals to his old friends for a "passing word" to strangers who may have occasion to visit Pittsburgh, pledging himself that nothing shall be wanting, on his part, to make their sojourn as agreeable as possible. Charges will be much the same as in the other respectable Hotels. The best servants from the Atlantic cities will be immediately engaged. The proprietor respectfully invites a call.

☞ The Gazette, Cincinnati, Advertiser, Louisville, Courier, New Orleans, Intelligencer, Washington, Commercial Advertiser, New York, will insert the above every other day for one month, and forward their accounts to this office within that time. Pittsburgh, Dec. 24.—tf.

NEW YEAR'S EVE BALL, December 31st, at Mr. Bond's Concert Hall. Gentlemen who have been invited, will receive their tickets on application at the Bar.

CHARLES SHALER,
CHARLES H. ISRAEL,
H. M. WATTS,
EDWARD HARDING,
JOHN S. RIDDLE,
JAMES ADAMS, Jr.
ROSS WILKINS.
Managers.

December 23, 1830.

REVOLUTION IN FRANCE.—Just received and for sale by the subscribers, "Full Annals of the Revolution in France, 1830. To which is added a full account of the celebration of said Revolution in New York."

JOHN I. KAY & CO.
Dec. 28,—2t.

NOTICE.—In pursuance of an order of court to us directed, will be sold, at public auction, on the 25th of January next, the following property, viz: The Eastern Half of that lot of ground in Noblestown, on which the dwelling house of James M'Whorter now stands, (the eastern half being unimproved:) bounded on the east by Robinson's Run, on the south by an alley and land of Joseph M'Murry, west by the balance of the land, and north by main street, containing near one fourth of an acre. Also, an out lot adjacent to Noblestown, containing about six acres of ground, bounded by land of John Taylor's heirs, Scudder Hart, and others. Also, one other lot of ground adjacent to Noblestown, containing six acres, bounded by land of James M'Creery, Esq. and John Dick—the property of said M'Whorter under our care by appointment of Court. Sale to commence at ten o'clock, in Noblestown. Terms made known at sale, by THOMAS M'EWEN and BENJAMIN KELSO, Trustees.
Fayette township, Dec. 28—5t.

SHERIFF'S SALES.—By virtue of sundry writs of *Venditioni Exponas*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county, and to me directed, will be sold, by public outcry, at the Court-House, in the city of Pittsburgh, on Monday, the 27th day of January next, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

All the right, title, interest and claim of Jacob Kelker, *et al.*, of, in and to a certain tract of land, situate in Pine township, Allegheny county, containing two hundred acres, be the same more or less, being lot No. 24 in Jones' district of Depreciation Lands; on which there are erected a dwelling house and barn. Seized and taken in execution as the property of the said Jacob Kelker, *et al.*, at the suit of the Commonwealth, for use.

ALSO, All the right, title, interest and claim of Samuel Wilson, of, in and to a certain lot of ground, marked on George Miltenberger's plan of lots No. 7, being part of lots marked in Col. Wood's plan of the city of Pittsburgh 469 and 470, bounded as follows: beginning on Smithfield street, at the distance of 120 feet southwardly from Seventh street, and running by Smithfield street, southwardly 20 feet, thence by lot No 8 eastwardly a parallel line with Seventh street, 110 feet to Miltenberger's alley, and thence by the said alley, northwardly a parallel line with Seventh street 110 feet to the place of beginning, with the privilege of said Miltenberger's alley, subject to the yearly ground rent of $90, on which is erected a two story brick house. Seized and taken in execution as the property of the said Samuel Wilson, at the suit of James M'Murry.

ALSO, All the right, title, interest and claim of Thomas Enoch, of, in and to a certain tract of land, situate on the Allegheny river, in Indiana township, in Cunningham's district of Depreciation Lands, marked and numbered in the plan of the said district, Number One, containing two hundred and sixty-four acres, more or less; on which are erected two or three small buildings. Seized and taken in execution as the property of the said Thomas Enoch, at the suit of Arthur Brown.

ALSO, All the right, title, interest and claim of William Robinson, Jr. of, in and to out lot No. 39 in the reserved tract opposite to Pittsburgh, in Ross township, Allegheny county, containing ten acres more or less, bounded by out lot No. 40, by Bank lane on the river Allegheny, by Sandusky lane, and the common ground. Seized and taken in execution as the property of the said William Robinson, Jr. (one of the defendants in said execution,) at the suit of John Carly.

ALSO, All the right, title, interest and claim of William Robinson, Jr. of, in and to out lot No. 39 in the reserved tract opposite to Pittsburgh, in Ross township, Allegheny county, containing ten acres, more or less, bounded by out lot No. 40, by Bank lane on the river Allegheny, by Sandusky lane, and the common ground. Seized and taken in execution as the property of the said William Robinson, Jr. (one of the defendants in said execution,) at the suit of Jeremiah Cunningham.

ALSO, All the right, title, interest and claim of John Fritchman of in and to the following described premises, that is to say: A certain tract or parcel of land, situate, lying, and being on Turtle creek, near the mouth thereof, in the county of Allegheny, adjoining lands of the late George Wallace, David Shaw, and others; beginning at a post on Turtle creek, being the corner of John M'Cullough, and running thence S. 19 deg. E. 206 perches, to a walnut, thence by land of James Herron, S. 66 deg. W. 142 perches to a post, thence S. 5 deg. E. 106 perches to a sugar tree, thence S. 64 deg. W. 50 perches to a post, thence S. 16 deg. W. 40 perches to a black oak, thence by land of David Shaw 64 deg. W. 74 perches to a beech, thence N. 75 deg. W. 55 perches to a locust, and S. 63 deg. E. 16 perches to a black oak, thence by other land of John Perry, N. 42 deg. W. 142 perches to a white oak, thence N. 63 deg. E. 43 perches to an ash, thence N. 23 deg. E. 16 perches to a stump, thence N. 26 deg. W. 18 perches to white oak, thence N. 13 deg. W. 68 perches to Turtle creek, thence down the same N. 58 deg. W. 36 perches, and N. 80 deg. W. 40 perches, thence leaving the creek and by land of George Wallace, N. 3 deg. W. 188 perches to a linn or a post, thence S. 55 deg. E. 40 perches to a hickory, thence S. 86 deg. E. 45 perches to a post, thence N. 2 deg. W. 18 perches to a post, thence S. 86 deg. 148 perches to a walnut in Turtle creek, thence up Turtle creek N. 30 deg. E. 97 perches, thence N. 18 deg. E. 43 perches, thence N. 5 deg. E. 30 perches and N. 34 deg. E. 57 perches to the place of beginning; containing four hundred and eighty acres and allowance of six per cent. for roads, &c. This tract was conveyed by William Woods, Esq. High Sheriff of Allegheny county, on the 12th August, 1816, to James Ross, Esq. who bought the same in trust for David Fritchman. On 13th December, 1817, Mr. Ross conveyed to Irwin Wallace two hundred and eight acres, strict measure, of said tract, described as follows: "a certain tract or piece of land, situate in the county of Allegheny, in the State aforesaid, on both sides of Turtle creek, and near the mouth thereof, containing two hundred and eight acres, strict measure, and bounded as follows, to wit: beginning at a stone, thence running N. 5 deg. E. 120 perches to the creek, thence up the creek N. 32 deg. E. 26 perches, N. 17 deg. E. 44 perches, and N. 8 degrees, W. 22 perches, thence across the creek, W. 60 perches to a post, thence down the creek, S. 11 deg. E. 20 perches, S. 18 deg. W. 55 perches, and S. 50 deg. W. 101 perches to a post, thence N. 86 deg. W. 139 perches to a post, thence S. 2 deg. E. 18 perches to a post, thence N. 86 deg. W. 45 perches to a post, thence N. 23 deg. E. 76 perches to a white oak, thence N. 68 deg. E. 6 perches to a white oak, thence N. 26 deg. W. 68 perches to a hickory, thence N. 55 deg. W. 30 perches to a linn tree, thence S. 3 deg. E. 174 perches to the creek, thence up the creek S. 80 deg. E. 40 perches to a post, thence S. 35 deg. E. 21 perches to a sycamore, thence S. 13 deg. E. 64 perches and 3-10 of a perch to a post by a black oak, thence N. 71 deg. E. 46 perches to a stone, thence S. 19 deg. E. 20 perches to a post, N. 78 deg. E. 20 perches to a sugar tree, thence S. 6 deg. E. 6 perches to a sugar tree, thence S. 71 deg. E. 6 perches to a white oak, thence N. 47½ deg. E. 10 perches to a locust, thence N. 72 deg. E. 24 perches to a dog wood, thence N. 87 degs. E. 54 perches to a white oak, thence N. 19 deg. E. 16 perches to a chesnut oak, thence N. 77½ deg. E. 12 perches to a white oak, thence N. 16 deg. E. 17 perches to a hickory, thence N. 22 deg. 12 perches to the place of beginning. The levy made by me is on Fritchman's interest of the residue of the said tract, subject to the terms of the trust as declared by Mr. Ross.

ALSO, All the right, title, and interest of said John Fritchman of, in and to the following described tract of land, to wit: A certain tract of land, situate in Pine township, Allegheny county; bounded and described as follows: beginning on the bank of the Allegheny river at a chesnut oak, and running down the said river N. 74½ deg. W. 102 perches, and N. 83 deg. W. 44 perches to a post, thence by land of John Wilkins S. 32 deg. E. 82 perches to a post, and S. 43½ deg. W. 58 perches to a white oak, thence by land of Robert Gibson, S. 83½ deg. E. 52½ perches to a Spanish oak, thence N. 43½ deg. E. 118 perches to the place of beginning; containing fifty acres of land, and allowance of six per cent. for roads, &c. Seized and taken in execution as the property of the said John Fritchman, at the suit of James Horner, for use, &c.

ALSO, All the right, title, interest and claim of Robert Greenlee, of, in and to the undivided seventh part of a tract of land situate in Findley township, containing three hundred and fifty acres, be the same more or less, on which there are erected one two story log house, one cabin house and two barns, with about 120 acres cleared, and an orchard, adjoining lands of Michael Springer, Robert Newell's heirs, land of Robert Henderson, and others. Seized and taken in execution as the property of the said Robert Greenlee, at the suit of John Ferguson.

ALSO, All the right, title, interest and claim of Robert Stewart, of, in and to a certain tract or piece of land, situate in St. Clair township, Allegheny county, on the Brownsville road, about five miles from Pittsburgh, containing about fifty acres: adjoining lands of Jacob Flowers, Alexander M'Cleery, and the heirs of John Stewart, deceased; on which is erected a log house, with about forty-five acres cleared. Seized and taken in execution as the property of the said Robert Stewart, at the suit of William Carrell.

ALSO, All the right, title, interest and claim of William Herdman, of, in and to a certain tract of land called "Farm Hill," situate in Fayette township, Allegheny county, between the Noblestown road and Chartiers creek, containing three hundred acres and allowance, about ninety acres of which are cleared; on which there are erected a two story log dwelling house and kitchen, with a good orchard. Seized and taken in execution as the property of the said William Herdman, at the suit of Isaac Craig, for use, &c.

ALSO, All the right, title, interest and claim of Peter Parchment, of, in and to a certain tract of land on Turtle creek, in Wilkins township, Allegheny county, adjoining lands now or late of the Bank of Pittsburgh, John Dunbar, heirs of Myers Powell and others, containing one hundred and twenty-five acres, more or less; on which are erected three cabins, two of which are two stories high, and the third one and a half stories, a cabin barn and stable. Seized and taken in execution as the property of the said Peter Parchment, at the suit of Baltzer Good.

ALSO, All the right, title, interest and claim of William Hamilton, deceased, in the hands of his administrators, of, in and to a certain piece or parcel of land, situate in Pitt township, Allegheny county, containing twenty acres, be the same more or less, bounded by the Greensburgh and Pittsburgh turnpike road, by lands of Samuel Ewalt and others; on which there are erected a commodious frame dwelling house, a paper mill, out houses, &c. Seized and taken in execution as the property of the said William Hamilton, dec. at the suit of Richard Geary, for use, &c.

ALSO, All the right, title, interest and claim of John Fisher, of, in and to a certain lot or piece of ground, situate in Pitt township, Allegheny county, being lot No. 5 in Boyle Irwin's plan of lots in said township, extending in front along the Greensburgh and Pittsburgh turnpike road 50 feet, and in depth one hundred feet to a twenty foot alley; on which are erected three frame buildings, subject to a yearly ground rent of $50. Seized and taken in execution as the property of the said John Fisher, at the suit of John Jones and John Taylor.

ALSO, All the right, title, interest and claim of William Woods, of, in and to a certain lot, piece, or parcel of ground, situated in the reserved tract opposite Pittsburgh, being the whole of lot numbered and marked 224 in said reserved tract, and the adjoining parts of lots No. 218 and 219 in said reserved tract, containing about fourteen acres; on which are erected one small frame tenement and kitchen. Seized and taken in execution as the property of said William Woods, at the suit of Thomas Woods, Sr.

ALSO, In pursuance of a writ of *Levari Facias*, issued out of the same court. All the right, title, interest and claim of Thomas Enoch, deceased, of in and to that certain tract of land, containing two hundred and eighteen acres, more or less, and situated in Indiana township, as will more fully appear in mortgage recorded in Allegheny county, in mortgage book A, page 319, &c. Taken in execution as the property of Thomas Enoch, deceased, in the hands of his administrator, Samuel Gormly, at the suit of Alexander Brackenridge.

ALSO, In pursuance of another writ of *Levari Facias*, all the right, title, interest and claim of Thomas Enoch, deceased, of, in and to that certain tract of land, containing 218 acres, more or less, situated in Allegheny county, being No. 47 in Cunningham's district of depreciation land, and bounded by lands of John Henderson, John Pillars and others, and the Allegheny river. Taken in execution as the property of the said Thomas Enoch, dec. in the hands of his administrator, Samuel Gormly, at the suit of Alex'r Brackenrid

CAST SHEET LEAD,

Not Rolled—A new article in Pittsburgh.

DAVID BAIN, PLUMBER, begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has completed an apparatus for casting SHEET LEAD, of four feet wide, and of any length required; a superior article for covering roofs or gutters, making Hatters' Plank Kettles—Salt Pans, &c. &c. Has on hand, and prepared to set up, Water Closets, Force and Hand Pumps, Fixture Wash Stands, Hydrants, laying of Iron and Lead Pipes, covering roofs or gutters with Lead, Copper, or Tin. Orders carefully attended to. Shop opposite BLACKSTOCK, BELL, & Co's Cotton Factory, Allegheny-Town.

November 30, 1830.—3mo.

LONDON BOTANIC OR VEGETABLE OIL SOAP;

AND ALSO THE

IMPERIAL RENOVATER,

Or the General Restoratives of Ladies' Dresses and Gentlemen's Clothing, of every description, color or quality,

WITHOUT THE LEAST INJURY TO EITHER!

THE above compositions, so justly celebrated in Europe, and also in the principal cities and towns in the United States; the former, the *Vegetable Oil*, for its superior quality in extracting oil, or grease of any kind, also paint, tar, &c. from Gentleman's Clothing, and woollen cloth and carpeting of every description; restoring the same to their former condition, without doing the least injury to their quality or color. And is eminently useful to sea faring men and travelers, possessing the singular quality of washing in spring or sea water, as well as any other soap can do in rain water; and will be found a sovereign remedy for scorbutic and other eruptions of the face and skin.

And the latter the *Imperial Preventative*, for its extraordinary qualities in extricating spots or stains caused by grease, oil, or soil of any kind, from Silks, Sattins, Merinos, Canton Crapes, Bombazines, and Ladies' Dresses of every description; restoring the same to their former condition, without doing the least injury to either *Gloss, Color, or Quality* let the same be whatever it may, and in most cases, in a very few minutes too, without the aid of any kind of liquid, heated irons, or any thing else; and may be left upon silks of the most delicate colors, for whole months together, with the greatest safety; and is now most respectfully offered at wholesale or retail for a few days only, at N. Griffith's Hotel.

It is requested that any Lady or Gentleman, who entertains any doubt of the superior excellence of the above named composition, will bring any of their garments stained as above described for trial, and the same will be removed in their presence; and the most satisfactory proofs given that the practice of sending fine dresses, on account of such stains, to the dyer's, may be in such cases dispensed with. It may be had at all times by wholesale at the subscriber's.

***A very liberal allowance will be made to one person, in each town, who may purchase to sell again. J. TRENCH.

Inventor and Manufacturer.

No. 245 Greenwich street N. York, Dec. 7, 1830.

MANAGERS' OFFICE, PITTSBURGH.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 24, for 1830, to be drawn at Philadelphia, on MONDAY, the 3d of JANUARY, 1831. YATES & M'INTYRE, Managers. Sixty Number Lottery—Nine Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$40,000	is	$40,000
1	15,000		15,000
1	5,000		5,000
1	4,510		4,510
5	2,000		10,000
10	1,000		10,000
20	500		10,000
45	300		13,500
51	100		5,100
51	80		4,010
51	60		3.060
102	50		5,100
102	40		4,080
1479	20		29,580
11475	10		114,750
13395 prizes			$273,760
20825 blanks———	34220 Tickets.		

Whole Tickets	$10 00	Halves	$5 00
Quarters	2 50	Eighths	1 25

Orders from abroad, (post paid,) enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

The REGISTER, containing an official statement of the drawing, will be forwarded to each adventurer. Cash paid for prizes on presentation.

Apply to or address

GEORGE A. COOK,

Agent for Yates & M'Intyre, No. 68 Wood street.

December 21, 1830.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

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20	500		10,000
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51	60		3,060
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A statement of the drawing will be forwarded to each adventurer. Cash paid for prizes on presentation. Apply to, or address.

DAVID GREER,

At the Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 114 Market street, corner of Liberty, Pittsburgh.

Where was sold, in Class 6, the Capital Prize of $25,000; in Class 7, the Capital Prize of $5,000, and in Class 10, the Capital Prize of $6,000.

December 21, 1830.

A TAVERN AND FERRY TO LET

THE subscriber offers for rent, on a lease of two or three years, his old established TAVERN and FERRY, at Elizabeth-Town, fifteen miles from Pittsburgh, situated in a rich and flourishing neighborhood, and commanding a large and extensive business. The buildings, stables, boats, &c. are all in the best state of repair, and large and convenient.—Terms reasonable. To a gentleman possessing the necessary means and qualifications, the present is an excellent chance for an agreeable and profitable location. Possession will be given on the first day of April next, or sooner if required.

JOHN WALKER.

December 10.—w3t. Elizabeth-Town.

AUCTION GOODS.

M. S. MASON & M'DONOUGH,

46 WOOD STREET,

Are now receiving a very extensive and choice assortment of

European, India, and American,

DRY GOODS,

EMBRACING every variety suited to the *Western Trade;* and having been selected with particular care, at the *New York and Philadelphia Auctions*, are offered at wholesale, for cash or approved paper, at a small advance.

Country merchants can always depend on being supplied with the latest style of Importations; and in consequence of one of our firm being now in *Europe*, we are enabled to *import* our *Foreign Goods* at much cheaper rates than usual, and most respectfully solicit an inspection of our stock.

M. S. MASON & M'DONOUGH.

September 3, 1830.

JOHNSTON & STOCKTON,

Booksellers, Printers,

Book-Binders and Paper Manufacturers.

No. 57, Market Street, Pittsburgh

March 14.—tf.

ROBERT G. ORMSBY & Co.

AUCTIONEERS,

Commission and Forwarding Merchants,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

August 20, 1830—1y.

OFFICE BANK UNITED STATES, *Pittsburgh, Nov.* 11, 1830.

THE Discount Days at this Office, from the 6th of December next, will be Tuesday and Friday. Notes must be offered on Monday and Thursday. Nov. 16—tf.

FOR SALE.

A NUMBER of valuable BUILDING LOTS in the vicinity of this city, part of the estate of Dr. George Stevenson, late of Wilmington, (Del.) deceased. For terms apply to the subscribers.

W. M'KNIGHT,
HARMAR DENNY,
J. SNYDER.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 3, 1829—tf. *Executors.*

DOCTOR ROBERT'S

WELCH MEDICAMENTUM.

FOR the cure of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Cholic, Fever and Ague, Dysentery, Headach, Loss of Appetite, Flatulence, Hypochondria, Hysterics, Dropsical Complaints, and Heartburn. It also prevents all Bilious disorders, and removes habitual Costiveness, Asthma, Strangury, Gravel, Rheumatism, Gout, and Impurities of the Blood.

A person who uses this Medicamentum will not require the use of the lancet, or any means of the healing art. It restores and revives the animal spirits, invigorates the system, removes nervous tremors, obtunds rheumatic and anthritic pains, and prevents their return. It cleanses the stomach of all morbid humors, which cause indigestion, acidities, headach, and lowness of spirits; cures all bilious disorders, and all cholics of the stomach and bowels, almost immediately; inspires cheerfulness; gives comfort to the dropsical: takes away palpitation of the heart; gives circulation to the blood; restores bloom to the sallow or sickly cheek, and plumpness to the meagre habit; purges without pain, and banishes all cause of fever of every kind. It acts on the stomach, that great reservoir of the human system, a diseased state of which causes all diseases. No alteration in the usual habits of life is required, but the abstaining from distilled ardent spirits.

CERTIFICATE.

From Rev. Derick Lansing, D. D., Pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church in Utica.

UTICA, Jan. 6, 1830.

To Dr. Hitchcock.—Dear Sir: I have always been one of the number of those who have placed little confidence in *nostrums* or *specifics*, and for this reason, although I saw your advertisement of the Welch Medicamentum, I could not bring my mind to consent to use it. My sufferings, from indigestion, during the past summer, were so severe, as materially to affect my comfort, and my capacity for usefulness. I have reason to thank you, sir, that, on hearing of the state of my health, you kindly sent me your Medicamentum. I have taken it faithfully, and with entire success. I have not been visited with one of those turns of distress, which before were weekly periodical, since I began to take your valuable medicine. Could I receive the same relief which I have hitherto experienced, on condition of taking it for life, I should cheerfully comply with such condition. Your's, very truly, D. C. LANSING.

☞Sold by THOMPSON & MILLER, at their Drug Warehouse, No. 81 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Nov. 26—tf.

GEORGE A. COOK,

Agent for the Union Canal Lotteries of Penns'a,

No. 68 WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH.

BANK NOTES, of the different states of the Union, *EXCHANGED*. Tickets in Yates & M'Intyre's Lotteries, constantly for sale. Managers' Office, Nov. 24, 1829.

HENRY HOLDSHIP AND SON'S PRICES CURRENT.

CAP PAPER, per r'm,	hot press,		$4 25 a 4 50
do. do.	do.	fine,	3 25 a 3 75
do. do.	do.	common,	2 25 a 3 00
LETTER do.	do.	hot press,	3 75 a 4 00
do. do.	do.	common,	2 50 a 3 25
PRINTING PAPER,	per ream,		2 37 a 5 25
WRAPPING do.	Imperial.	per ream,	2 75
do. do.	Medium,	do.	1 75
do. do.	Crown,	do.	1 12
TEA PAPER,	Medium,	do.	2 00
do. do.	Crown,	do.	1 50
PASTEBOARDS,	per groce,		$5 00 a 5 25
FULLERS' PRESS PAPERS,	per lb.		25
PAPER HANGINGS,	per piece,		31½ a 75
BORDERS,	do.		12½ a $2 50

December 10, 1830.

REMOVAL.

ALDERMAN MURRAY has removed his Office to the house of General Patchell, No. 11, in the south-west corner of the Diamond. Pittsburgh, April 10, 1830.

WM. W. IRWIN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office on Fourth street, one door east of Market

May 4, 1830.—tf

T. Livingston & C. A. Alexander,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

OFFICE NO. 82 LIBERTY STREET.—Pittsburgh, Nov. 19—3mo.

A VALUABLE LOT FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale the valuable LOT No. 232 in the city of Pittsburgh, containing in front on Second street 35 feet, and extending back along Chancery lane, towards Front street, 80 feet. An indisputable title will be made. For terms apply to the subscriber, who is the agent of the proprietors. ROBERT BEER.

December 14, 1830.

To Baltimore and Philadelphia

TRAVELLERS.

THE LINE OF STAGES between Chambersburgh and Baltimore, on the Somerset and Mountpleasant route, has been doubled, and now runs DAILY, (Mondays excepted,) leaving Chambersburgh *at day-light* in the morning, and arriving in Baltimore, early the same evening.

Passengers reach Philadelphia, in this way, the second afternoon, from Chambersburgh, without the loss of any rest; taking the splendid STEAM BOAT LINES, which set out at 6 o'clock in the morning, [via CHESAPEAKE AND DELAWARE CANAL, a work well worth the trip to see.]

REESIDE, Owner.

In all cases where the passengers desire to reach Baltimore in time for the 5 o'clock steam-boat to Philadelphia, they can do so by leaving Chambersburgh at one o'clock in the morning, or immediately after the arrival of the Western Mail Stage. In this way, they arrive in Philadelphia, by eight o'clock the *second morning*, from Chambersburgh.

☞ When a load offers, the stage will run on Mondays. April 23, 1830.—tf.

TO LET,

A DWELLING HOUSE with or without the Store room in front. And also, a large Store or Warehouse on St. Clair street.

JOS. PATTERSON.

Feb. 5th, 1830.—tf.

☞*PLOWMAN'S PRINTING INK.*

PLOWMAN'S Superior PRINTING INK, for fall use, in kegs containing 24 lbs., for sale by HOGAN & Co., Corner of Front and Market streets. Pittsburgh, Sept. 10.—tf.

EXCHANGE!

NEW ORLEANS and MOBILE PAPER, received at this office at 5 per cent. discount.

GEORGE A COOK,

Lottery & Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street.

November 19, 1830.

MOROCCO.

THE subscriber, having commenced the manufacture of MOROCCO, has now for sale Morocco suitable for the following purposes:

Boots and Shoes, (Goat and Deer Skins.)		
Boot and Shoe Linings, (Roans and Yellows.)		
Coachmakers'	do.	(variety of colors.)
Hat Linings,	do.	do.
Bookbinders,	do.	do.
Trunkmakers,	do.	do.
Saddlers,	do.	do.
Striped Bindings.		

☞The above articles will be sold at eastern prices. Having in connexion Mr. George Pierce, an experienced workman, the quality and colors will be warranted. Dealers in the article will find the prices reasonable.

JOHN CALDWELL.

Corner of Third street and Redoubt Alley.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 9—tf.

LOTS

In the Northern Liberties of Pittsburgh.

FOR sale, upon accommodating terms, a number of valuable LOTS fronting on *Penn* and *Liberty* streets, in the *Northern Liberties of Pittsburgh*. These lots are upon the great thoroughfare to Philadelphia, and in the vicinity of the *Cotton Factories, Iron Works*, and other manufacturing establishments. A plan may be seen at the office of D. S. Scully, Esq. in the Diamond.

For terms apply to

HARMAR DENNY.

March 24, 1829—tf.

C. DARRAGH,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Office, No. 49, Fourth street, between Market and Wood streets, one door west of the United States Bank.

March 16—tf.

RICHARD FLINT

WILL make to order various descriptions of PRESSES; *Fine Brass, Steel, and Iron Machinery; Door Plates; Percussion Cane Guns*, on an improved plan, &c. &c. at No. 64 Second street. Pittsburgh, March 2—tf.

JOHN JULIUS

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that having formed a Company of Violin Players, and having received a sett of New Cotillions, from France, with new figures, for the express purpose of accommodating the lovers of dancing, he will be ready at any time, with his company, to wait upon those gentlemen who may be disposed to favor him with their patronage.

Persons wishing to try the new company will find John Julius at his establishment, No. 23 Market street. Pittsburgh Oct. 8.

THOMPSON & MILLER,

Wholesale Druggists,

HAVE just received, at their Warehouse *No. 81, Wood-street, Pittsburgh*, extensive additional supplies of

DRUGS,

DYE-STUFFS, &c. &c.

Having recently purchased the above articles in the Eastern Markets, at reduced prices, they offer them low. Sept. 8, 1829.—wtf.

THOMAS ANDERSON & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Refer to M'KEE, CLARKE & Co. / JAS. ADAMS, Jr. & Co. / HAMILTON STEWART, } Pittsburgh.

STORAGE & FORWARDING.—Thomas Anderson & Co. have extensive warehouses, and are prepared to Receive and Forward Merchandise, in any direction required

May 14, 1830.—tf.

THE subscribers have entered into partnership for the purpose of carrying on the Foundry and Steam Engine Business, under the firm of

M'CLURG & PRATT.

They beg leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that their Foundry is now in complete operation, immediately above the aque duct, on the Allegheny river, where they are prepared to execute orders for Castings of every description, in the best manner and with the greatest possible punctuality. Their steam mill, for boring, turning, or grinding heavy castings, is also in operation, and shops for making STEAM ENGINES of any required power, and SUGAR MILLS and machinery of every description.

They feel assured that from their knowledge of the business, in all its branches, their attention and punctuality, they will continue to receive a share of public patronage.

ALEX. M'CLURG,
FRANCIS PRATT.

December 7, 1830—1y

THE HOPE COTTON FACTORY,

At the end of the aqueduct, in Allegheny-town.

THE Proprietors beg leave to inform the public, that their establishment is now in full operation. Their machinery is of the most modern and approved construction, and every attention will be paid to the articles which they manufacture. The business of the establishment will be transacted by John F. Wrenshall, and in his absence by Alexander Brackenridge.

SHOENBERGER, WRENSHALL & Co.

December 17, 1830—3mo

WHOLESALE CHINA, GLASS AND EARTHEN WARE HOUSES.

THE subscribers offer a large and well selected stock, of all kinds and the latest patterns of goods in their line, imported direct from the English and French Potteries, by the way of New Orleans. They with confidence, therefore, invite all western merchants from the states of Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, Indiana, Illinois, and Missouri, who have been in the habit of getting their ware from the eastern cities, (over the mountains) to call and examine for themselves.

Their terms are, to pack to order at Philadelphia prices, with an addition of 1½ cents per pound carriage, cash.—Credit arrangements can be made from three to twelve months. From their experience in the trade, they feel competent and pledge themselves to do every thing in their power to give satisfaction. All ware packed at their establishments will be insured, with proper handling, to open sound, for one per cent.

THOMAS G. GAYLORD, *Pittsburgh, Pa.*
H. H. GAYLORD & Co. *Wheeling, Va.*

February 12, 1830.—tf

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale that valuable and well known property, adjoining the town of Noblestown, and distant 12 miles from the city of Pittsburgh.

There are in this tract of land 500 acres, 175 of which are cleared, and under good cultivation. It contains a fine meadow, and an excellent Apple Orchard, besides valuable coal banks and never failing springs of good water. As a stock farm, it has but few equals.

There are erected on this property the following buildings, viz:—A *Steam Grist Mill*, with two pair of French Burrs, and one pair of country stones, together with all the appurtenances necessary for doing merchant work on a large scale; a *Saw Mill* in good working order, which is propelled by water power; *three Dwelling Houses*, and *two Barns*. The above farm is intersected by good roads for transporting produce to a market either on the Ohio river or at Pittsburgh, and is in a wealthy neighborhood.

If this property be not sold together, it will be divided to suit purchasers. For further particulars apply to the subscriber living in Pittsburgh.

SCUDDER HART.

Aug. 7, 1829.—tf.

Bakewell, Page, & Bakewells,

FLINT GLASS MANUFACTURERS,

Have for sale, an assortment of

Astral or Sinumbral LAMPS,

ON PEDESTALS AND FOR SUSPENSION.

ALSO,

Tuscan, Vase, Mantel & Chamber Lamps,

WHICH, in addition to their usual stock of *PLAIN AND CUT FLINT GLASS*, Patent Moulded, Plain and Cut *Bureau Mountings, &c. &c.* will be disposed of on the lowest terms. Pittsburgh, Nov. 23—tf.

LOOK HERE.

A NUMBER OF LOTS FOR SALE, in the Borough of the Northern Liberties, adjoining Doctor Shoenberger's Iron Works; among which are, the first and best seat for a manufactory on the river bank, in the vicinity of the city.—For terms, (which will be low,) call on

THOMAS TAYLOR,
Market Street, Pittsburgh.

February 12.—1y.

The American Fire Insurance Co.

OF PHILADELPHIA,

DAILY make Insurance against loss or damage by FIRE, on Houses & Merchandise, Job Bacon, Secretary, No. 101 Chesnut street. Philadelphia. GEO. COCHRAN, Ag't.

Sept. 25—tf *No. 26 Wood street, Pittsburgh.*

FOR SALE,

A FLAG QUARRY, together with a FARM, containing 80 acres of good land, situated on the Allegheny river, ten miles above Pittsburgh.—The flags are of the best quality, and suitable for paving, such as are now used for that purpose in this city. It is the only quarry of the kind in this part of the country. Apply to

HENRY HOLDSHIP.

October 12, 1830.—tf

A. H. HOGE.

Hardware Merchant,

No. 130 Liberty Street, (M'Donald's Square,)

HAS just received an additional supply of FOREIGN and DOMESTIC HARDWARE, to which he would call the attention of country merchants, mechanics, and others.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 9, 1830—2mo.

CHARLES L. VOLZ,

WOOD STREET.

OFFERS for sale, PIANO FORTES of the best makers in the U. States; Violins, Violoncellos, Clarionetts, Flutes, Bassoons, Horns, Bugles, Fifes, Guitars; Violin strings, Music for the Piano Forte and other Instruments; together with a variety of other articles in the musical line

Also, German Goods;

Among which the following are the most prominent: Looking Glasses and Plates, Slates and Pencils, Tapes and Bobbins, Spectacles, Calico and Glazed Paper, Clarified Quills, Oil Cloth, Coffee-Mills, Fancy Soap, Antique Oil, Cologne Water; a variety of Beads and Necklaces, Turkey red Cotton, Snuff-boxes, Combs, Fancy Baskets, Bootwebbing and Cord, Pocket-books, Crayons, Toothbrushes, Hat-buckles and Bands, Gold and Silver-Lace, Chessmen, Watch-crystals, Spring Lancets and Cupping Instruments, Marbles, Flints, Percussion Pistols and Caps, Iron Compasses, Socket-Shovels, Straw-Knives, Scythes and Whetstones, Iron Lamps, Halbach's Steel; also, Polish Starch, Glaziers' Diamonds, and Jewellery; with many other articles of which a regular supply will be kept, at *reduced* prices.

Country Merchants and Dealers in Merchandise generally, are respectfully invited to call and judge for themselves.

December 25, 1829.—1yF

Allegheny Out Lots.

FOR SALE, Five Acres of Land, adjoining the land of the Rev. John H. Hopkins, and about one mile from the Allegheny Bridge. The ground is handsomely situated, and is a very eligible situation for a residence. It will be divided, if required. For terms, inquire of JOHN E. PARK, or JOHN HANNEN, Esq.

March 5.—tf.

GEO. COCHRAN, OF R'D,

Late Agent of the Pittsb. Manufact'g Association

NO. 26 WOOD STREET,

CONTINUES to receive, on consignment, from the Harmony Society and other manufactories, a regular and constant supply of Broadcloths, Cassinets, Flannels, Baizes, Sheetings, Cotton Yarn, &c.; all of which will be disposed of at manufacturers' prices—on better terms, it is confidently believed, than such articles can be purchased in the Atlantic cities. On hand, Plated Bridle Bits and Stirrup Irons, at reduced prices.

November 5, 1830—tf.

LAMBDIN'S MUSEUM,

AND GALLERY OF THE FINE ARTS.

IS open for public exhibition every day, from 6 A. M. till 10, P. M. at the s. w. CORNER OF MARKET AND FOURTH STREETS. This collection contains, in the highest state of preservation, in part, 30 *Quadrupeds*, amongst which are the *Cougar*, or American Brown Tiger; 7 *Species of the Monkey, &c.*; 300 *Foreign and American Birds*, including the *Great Bird of Paradise*; the *Emu*, from South America, 5½ feet high; *Toucan; two living White Crows, &c. &c.*

A Large Collection of Marine Shells; Plants; Corals; Madrepores, &c.; Minerals; Fossils; Indian Dresses, Decorations, &c.; Implements of War and Husbandry, from the South Sea Islands; Curious Works of Art, &c. &c.

The *Gallery of Paintings* contains nearly one hundred specimens of the Works of Old and Modern Masters; with a Collection of nearly 1200 *Coins and Medals*. The whole arranged with a taste not surpassed by any similar institution in the country. *Exhibition of* PHANTASMAGORIA *every evening, at half past eight o'clock.*

Admittance 25 cents—Children 12½ cents.

May 7, 1830.—tf

James Adams Jr. & Co.

GROCERS,

MARKET, BETWEEN FRONT AND WATER STREETS.

HAVING taken that large and commodious Ware-House formerly occupied by *Ekin & Ledlie*, respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they are just receiving and now offer for sale a choice selection of Groceries consisting of

Prime Green and Java COFFEE,
Y. Hyson, Imp'l. and Gunpowder TEA,
Pepper, Allspice, Cloves and Nutmegs,
Loaf and Lump SUGAR.
Benegal and Carracas Indigo,
Madder, Ginger, Rice &c.
Box Raisins, Figs, &c.
Warranted Genuine Havana SEGARS,
Flint's, Cabamas' & Dosamygos',
Madeira, Port, Lisbon, Teneriffe and Malaga WINES,
Brandy, H. Gin, Jamaica Spirits &c.
A few Gallons choice old champaigne Brandy of 1802.

All of which they will sell low for Cash or acceptances, either

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

Having made arrangements for a constant supply, they respectfully solicit Country Merchants and others to favor them with a call.

April 3, 1829—tf.

THE PROTECTION

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT, was incorporated by the Legislature of that State in 1825, with a capital of 150,000 dollars, and the privilege of increasing the same to 500,000 dollars, should the business of the company require it.

They will take risks on all Stone, Brick, or Frame Buildings, together with the Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Furniture, and Machinery contained in them. Also, on all Steam, Keel, or Flat Boats, that navigate the western waters, and their Cargoes. WM. W. ELSWORTH, *Pres't.*

THOMAS C. PERKINS, *Secretary.*—Hartford, Conn.

Having been appointed Surveyor for the above office for this city and vicinity, I am ready to make surveys of any of the above risks, and forward them to the agency at Cincinnati, where the policies will be executed. Apply to

CHARLES PLUMB.

At H. Holdship & Son's Bookstore, Wood-street.

April 2, 1830.—1y

HARDWARE.

S. FAHNESTOCK, corner of Wood and Fifth streets, Pittsburgh, is now receiving extensive supplies of every description of Hardware, embracing all the various articles belonging to his line of business, to which he respectfully invites the attention Country Merchants, Saddlers, and the public generally, to whom his terms will be liberal. Sept. 21.—tf.

PRINTING INK.

JUST received from the Manufactory of *Johnson & Son*, a fresh supply of Book and News Ink, for winter and spring use, in kegs from 13 to 28 pounds.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON.

January 1, 1830.—tf

WHOLESALE HARDWARE STORE.

S. FAHNESTOCK,

CORNER OF FIFTH & WOOD ST'TS, has just received, and is now opening, a large and extensive assortment of HARDWARE, consisting of all the variety of articles in demand. Merchants and Saddlers are particularly requested to call and examine. Feb. 16, 1830—tf.

PITTSBURGH & PHILADELPHIA

CLOTHING STORE.

GEORGE C. MORGAN

HAS REMOVED to No. 102, Wood street, and has furnished his Fashionable Clothing Store with a supply of articles in his line, suitable for the present and approaching seasons, and conforming in style and fashion, to the last eastern patterns. His stock comprises the greatest variety, and has been selected with much care as to the quality of the goods.

☞Cloths, Vestings, Trimmings, and Fancy Articles, will be disposed of on the most reasonable terms.

☞Work made to order, on the shortest notice.

Sept. 25.—tf.

ROSS WILKINS, ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Office No. 27 Fourth street, third door below Doctor Gazzam, and west of Market street.

April 30, 1830—tf.

150 BBLS. No. 1 Mackerel;
100 do. No. 2 do.
100 barrels No. 3 do.
100 hhds. N. O. Sugar;
75 bbls. Molasses;
25 kegs Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Shot;
10 tons Jun. Hammered Iron;

FOR SALE BY JAMES ADAMS, Jr. & Co.

May 18, 1830—tf.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the estate of GEORGE EVANS, late of the city of Pittsburgh, deceased, are requested to make payment without delay; and all persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them duly authenticated for settlement, to either of the subscribers.

JOHN M'FADEN, Executor.
SARAH EVANS, Executrix.

October 8.—tf.

CALEB LEE, DRAPER AND TAILOR, *Market Street, between Fourth and the Diamond*, has just received from Philadelphia, an extensive assortment of new and fashionable

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c.

and can furnish gentlemen with coats or full suits, at the shortest notice, and on the most accommodating terms.

☞He procured, during his recent visit to Philadelphia, the latest LONDON FASHIONS.

Pittsburgh, April 6, 1830—tf.

F. V. KRUG,

HARDWARE COMMISSION MERCHANT

No. 177½ Market street, Philadelphia,

Agent for the sale of American Manufactured Hardware, &c. &c.

REFER to Dr. P. Shoenberger, Pittsburgh; or to Messrs. Handy, Symington & Bird, S. Konigmacher & Co., Reeves, Buck & Co., or Mr. Richard Paxon, Philadelphia. Nov. 30—6w.

Pittsburgh Starch Manufactory.

STARCH manufactured at the above establishment, may be had at the store of G. Kirkpatrick, No. 8 Diamond Alley, or at either of the following stores—James Park & Co.; Tassey & Church; I. R. Smith & Co.; J. D. Davis, or Gabriel Adams. ALEX. FERGUSON.

June 18.—tf. GEO. KIRKPATRICK.

ROGERS' SUPERIOR ORANGE GUN POWDER.—150 kegs just received on consignment, and for sale by JAMES ADAMS, JR. & Co. No. 8 Market street. May 18—tf.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the Charter of the Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association being about to expire, it is intended to close its affairs as soon as possible. All persons indebted to the Institution are required to make immediate payment to George Cochran of Rd. Agent of the Association, and all persons having claims against it, are requested to present the same for settlement.

B. BAKEWELL,
THOMAS HAZLETON,
WM. PORTER,
THOMAS FAIRMAN,
JOHN SPEAR,

Com'tee for closing the Affairs of the Association.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 9, 1830.—tf.

DAVY'S CONSOLATIONS.

JUST published, and for sale, by Hogan & Co. Corner of Front and Market streets, CONSOLATIONS IN TRAVEL; or the Last Day's of a Philosopher; by Sir *Humphrey Davy*, Bart. late President of the Royal Society. With a sketch of the Author's Life, and Notes, by Jacob Green, M. D. Professor of Chemistry in Jefferson Medical College. Sept. 21.—tf.

PITTSBURGH

Monitorial High School,

SMITHFIELD STREET.

THE Ensuing Quarter will commence on the 12th of the present month, (July, 1830,) when the various branches of Orthography, Reading, Writing, Grammar, Geography, Arithmetic, Algebra, Mensuration, Surveying, Navigation, Book-Keeping, and Composition, will be taught by the subscriber, on the following terms.

Junior Class, at Four dollars per quarter.
Senior Class, at Five dollars per quarter.

THOS. MAYLIN.

☞References are kindly permitted to be made to the following gentlemen, who, amongst others, have honored him with their confidence in placing their children under his care:—Messrs. George Anshutz, Thomas Dickson, Martin Rahm, M. M. Murray, Webb Closey, J. Harmon, S. Cuthbert; or Benjamin Bakewell, John Snyder, Richard Bowen, John Towne.

Pittsburgh, July 16—tf

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That the Notes, Book Accounts, and all other property of Robert Patterson and J. H Lambdin, late Stationers and Paper Manufacturers, trading under the firm of R. Patterson & Lambdin, have been assigned to the subscribers this day, for the benefit of creditors.

HENRY HOLDSHIP,
C. ANSHUTZ,
MARTIN RAHM.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 22, 1823—tf

NEW LINE.

DAVID LEECH'S LINE of CANAL BOATS.

THE subscriber having fitted up several new Boats, for the reception of Freight and the accommodation of Passengers, has established a Line to run regularly between PITTSBURGH AND BLAIRSVILLE.

One of the Line Boats will start from Pittsburgh, on every *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 5 o'clock, P. M. and run through to Blairsville, (73 miles,) in 30 hours.

A Boat of this line will also leave Blairsville at the same time, and arrive in regular succession at Pittsburgh and Blairsville, (their respective places of destination,) on every *Wednesday, Friday*, and *Sunday*, at 7 A. M.

Freight, entrusted to this Line, will receive the utmost care and diligence; and every convenience and accommodation will be extended to Passengers.

☞ Freight (whole distance) 20 *cents per cwt.*
☞ Passengers 2 *cents per mile.*

For Freight or Passage, Apply to the respective Captains on Board, or to *Wm. Robinson, Jr.* Allegheny-town; to *Mark Graham*, at Blairsville, or to the subscriber at Leechburgh. D. LEECH.

October 30—tf.

LITERARY NOTICE.

TO MY PATRONS AND THE PUBLIC.

HAVING been appointed *Deputy Surveyor*, in and for the District composed of the county of Allegheny, I deem it necessary to announce, that my SEMINARY for young *Ladies and Gentlemen*, will be continued as usual, at my residence, No. 84 Fourth street, a few doors from Doctor Dawson's Chemical Warehouse, that the school will be principally conducted and superintended by me, and also that, when called on business, it will be conducted by my Assistant, who must be an able and judicious Instructer. In the Institution will be taught the following branches, which constitute a liberal and scientific education, viz: Penmanship, English Grammar, Geography, with its application to Astronomy, Mapping, &c. and Mercantile transactions in general, together with the Mathematics.

In relation to the course of instruction, particular attention will be paid to the most essential department of education, not only in teaching the most concise and approved methods of Arithmetical Calculation, and of arranging and keeping accounts in trade and commerce, but also in explaining these methods, that the pupil may know how to proceed by reason as well as by rule; for without this, no permanent benefits can be derived.

Having recently purchased a handsome pair of Globes, students will derive a peculiar advantage, in acquiring a *sound* knowledge of Geography, Practical Astronomy, and the use of the Globes. Students at the study of *Surveying*, will also have an excellent opportunity afforded them, in acquiring a radical knowlege of the Theory and Practice of that invaluable ART.

For terms, which will be moderate, apply at the school-room. JNO. M'NEVIN.

June 1.—tf.

☞Stage Drivers Wanted.

I WISH TO HIRE SIX PERSONS TO DRIVE STAGE.

NONE need apply but those who can come well recommended for good horse-masters and first rate reinsmen. For such I will pay from $10 to $18 per month. Apply to

GEO. A. DOHRMAN,

April 27—tf. Steubenville, Ohio.

FORT PITT GLASS WORKS,—The subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have the above works in their hands, and will continue the Manufactory of

FLINT GLASS, CUT AND PLAIN,

Of various descriptions and patterns; and have appointed L. & P. PETERSON, (corner of Market and Front Streets,) Agents to dispose of the same—where a general assortment will always be kept on hand. Merchants and others will be furnished on accommodating terms.

All orders left with our agents will be thankfully received and promptly executed.

R. B. CURLING & SONS.

September 18, 1829—tf.